

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 40

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, DECEMBER 11th, 1930

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

## Santa Is Coming

Dear Kids:—I hope to meet you at Laut's on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 13th. 3 to 6 o'clock.

Yours sincerely

SANTA CLAUS

Our Gifts are Well Chosen, But Inexpensive.

**SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY**

Our Dishes are Selling at **HALF PRICE** during the Christmas Season.

Our Dollar line of Dolls are Splendid Value.

Our Books are good Boys and Girls Stories.

We have Games, Doll Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs, Etc;

**FOR MEN** we have Military Brushes, Safety Razors Flashlights, Pocket Knives, Tools, Etc.

Note our assortment of Christmas Candies, Nuts and Fruits. Special Prices to Sunday and Day Schools.

## Wm. Laut

The Pioneer Merchant

Crossfield, Alta.

## Why Worry About Winter Driving when we can make it a pleasure.

We can make your car **EASY** to start and safe to drive this winter. Come in and let us fix you up **NOW**, before you freeze your car.

Service on all makes of cars, trucks and tractors.

Wrecking and Towing Service.

## CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Agents for:

British American Gasoline, Kerosene, Oils and Greases.

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

## Appreciation

I wish to express my appreciation to all those who helped in any way during the fire on Sunday night, when the property of the Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd. was destroyed. It gives me great pleasure to announce that the Company proposes to resume operations under the same management, just as soon as it is possible to rebuild and in the meantime I can be found at the CHRONICLE OFFICE.

H. R. FITZPATRICK.

## The New Meat Market QUALITY MEATS

Both Fresh and Cured

Royer & Gazeley

Service With a Smile

Crossfield, Alta

## The Crossfield Cash Store

GROCERIES DRY GOODS

LADIES, CHILDREN'S and MEN'S WEAR

Economy and Quality Combined

Personal Service

Phone 33

N. A. Johnson

## THE FIRE

Fire broke out in the loft of the Pioneer Barn at 11.30 on Sunday night, and gained such headway in a few minutes that there was no stopping it. The blaze sweeping across the lane soon had the sheds of the Atlas Lumber Company in a mass of flame. In the course of two hours the lively barn, sheds, office building along with the stock of building materials had been completely destroyed, causing a damage estimated at \$20,000.

The books, office furniture and a few doors and windows was all that could be carried to safety from the Atlas Lumber Co. The Livery barn was practically empty at the time, outside of some baled hay.

It was feared for a time that the Baker Garage and the Co-Operative Store would surely catch fire, but with a bucket brigade passing water to the roof of these brick buildings they kept the sparks from catching.

Fortunately the wind was blowing from the south-west, which carried the sparks away from the other building and onto the open prairie.

The Atlas Lumber Co. suffered a considerable loss; the livery barn is owned by Mr. Nierland of Calgary and we understand was insured for \$1,400.

Hughie McBain was asleep in the barn and the first he knew of the fire was when he was awakened by Frank Demers.

The origin of the fire is a mystery. Echoes smoking in the loft are believed to have started it.

The Calgary Fire Department was called and several men under assistant chief Carr arrived here with a chemical, but could not do anything.

## Better Fire Equipment Is Badly Needed

How about a ratepayers meeting to discuss the purchasing of adequate fire fighting equipment? It is felt by a good number of citizens that steps should be taken immediately to bring our system up out of the class of antiquated relics and have something that will be effective and sure.

The Village Council had the fire fighting equipment under discussion at the last council meeting, and nobody realizes more than the Council that our fire equipment is not what it should be. But, it costs money to buy equipment, and spending money by the Village means increased taxes, and God knows its hard to pay taxes as they are; on the other hand we have had several bad fires here in the past few years which have been very costly to those burned out (at least to most of them).

Owing to the high cost of insurance, which is high because we have not adequate fire fighting equipment, most of the business men can not afford to carry sufficient insurance to insure them of the necessary protection in case of fire.

The question is then, would it be better to increase taxes and improve our fire fighting equipment, thereby lowering insurance premiums, or gamble with the chance of having a fire as at present.

Remember, that there are several residents of this village who if they had their place of business or even their homes destroyed by fire tomorrow, could not rebuild again.

It is up to the ratepayers to do some heavy thinking and do it quickly.

A fellow citizen of the town invited the editor of this great family journal over to take a look at the Fire Hall. Believe me, it is in a dirty, filthy condition and a disgrace to the Town Council and citizens of this town.

## Hon. J. F. Lymburn Here on Monday

A meeting will be held in the U. F. A. hall, under the auspices of the Crossfield and District Board of Trade on Monday, Dec. 15, at 8 o'clock p. m. when an address will be given by Hon. J. F. Lymburn, Attorney General of Alberta.

Everybody welcome.

## Fellowship Club Formed at Crossfield

On Tuesday evening, December 4, the Crossfield Fellowship Club was organized. This club is composed of young people and its object is to increase and better the social life of the Crossfield Young People.

The following officers were elected:

Hon. Pres., R. M. McCool, M.L.A. President, Robert H. Hay Vice-Pres., Mr. Clint Thompson Secretary, Miss Gladys Metheral Treasurer, Miss Alice Collicutt Members of Executive: James Laut, James Schofield. News Reporter, Charles Purvis Sick Committee—Mrs. M. Clay, Wm. Emerson, Miss Myrtle Metheral.

Reception Committee—Bill Murdock, Miss Lillian Johnson, Glen Williams.

The membership of this Club is open to all young people, married or single. They must however, be seventeen or over and not attending school. If they are at school they must be eighteen.

In order to meet fixed costs the following fees were decided upon:

1. An initial fee of twenty-five cents.
2. A monthly fee of seventy-cents.

The next meeting of the Club is on Thursday evening at 8.15 sharp in the Masonic Hall. We cordially invite all prospective members and other young people of the Crossfield District.

## Crossfield's Christmas Tree and Concert on Dec. 22nd.

This year the Sunday Schools are going to try a new idea in connection with the Christmas tree. The idea is the "White Gift," based upon the thought that it is more blessed to give than to receive. On the tree there will be presents for children ten years and under. Those children over ten years of age, will be asked to bring a gift,—some toy or book for which they have no further use, and lay it on the stage at the feet of Santa Claus. These gifts will then be given to Charity,—Sunshine, the Woods Home or the Salvation Army. Any surplus that may be left after all expenses are paid will be donated to Charity. There usually is no surplus, though. Remember, then, to keep the night of December 22nd free so that you may be able to attend Crossfield's Christmas Tree and Concert.

GENERAL ADMISSION 25c.

## Greenwood School

### Christmas Entertainment

On Tuesday evening at 8.30 p. m., December 23rd, there will be a Christmas concert and play at the Greenwood School. The concert is put on by the children and the play entitled "The Persecuted Dutchman" will be acted by the young people of the district.

Ladies please provide. Everybody welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Morris of Bowden were visitors at the Manse last week.

## Christmas Gifts

We have received another shipment of Belgian fabrics. These make very acceptable Christmas Gifts.

## Table Covers

\$2.00 - 2.50 each

## Runners

\$1.25 - 1.75 each

## Cushion Tops

55c each

## Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

## The Service Garage

FULL LINES OF TIRES, BATTERY  
AND MECHANICAL SERVICE.

AUTO SUPPLIES and ACCESSORIES.

GAS OILS LIVERY STORAGE

For Super-Service Drive to

## The Highway Garage or The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

Now Demonstrating

## The Improved Wonder Fanning Mill Separator and Grader

Separates Oats and Wild Oats from Wheat and Barley and Does it Perfectly. 32 inch with 11 sieves \$47

## T. TREDAWAY

Telephone 3

Crossfield

## For Your Christmas Present GIVE THE FAMILY A SPARTON RADIO

We have one to suit your needs, ranging in price from

**\$108.85**

Including an outstanding Battery Set, good for 1000 hours on one charge.

W. K. Gibson

Insurance

Farm Equipment

Grinding

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

## Cool Heads and Clear Thinking

These are times that test men. In the present economic conflict raging throughout the world, men are being put to the test just as truly as they were during the stress and strife of the Great War. There is tragedy and suffering now as there was then. And because of these conditions men and women today are very apt to allow their usual habits of thought and action to slip their moorings and to indulge in unconsidered, reckless thought, speech and action which in their more sober moments they would not only refuse to countenance in themselves but would condemn in others.

It is well that people should give serious consideration and study to the existing situation, not merely as individuals as they themselves may be affected, but collectively as a community in the interest of the welfare of all. It is well that difficulties should be made known, that just grievances should be clearly stated, that suggested remedies should be outlined, discussed, and, in the light of all the circumstances, action taken. Therefore, the many meetings being held throughout the country are a gratifying sign of an aroused public interest in the public welfare, but only so if their object is constructive, that is, to find a way out of difficulties, to better conditions, and not destructive in character leading to only greater confusion of thought and still greater chaos.

Public discussion calls for clear leadership, thoughtful, sane and constructive. It is not the man who shouts the loudest, who berates everybody and everything, who calls for drastic action against this or that law or institution, who is the real friend of the country or of the people for whom he professes to be most sympathetic. This class of individual always comes to the front when men should be feeling in a more or less desperate mood. He does not attempt to appeal to their reason, but to their feelings and passions. He is not a true and safe leader, but a man bent on destruction, and generally quite incapable of advancing any sound constructive policy that is likely to be productive of good.

Attempts by agitators of this type to sway the feelings and passions of people, in a word, to seek to capitalize upon the hardship which people may be temporarily undergoing, should not only be frowned down upon by the stalwart, right-thinking men and women of this country, but these last mentioned men and women, who are and always will be the real backbone of any country, should not hesitate to speak out boldly in opposition to the unsound and unwise advice and actions of these trouble makers.

Newspapers contain reports of meetings in different parts of the country at which, despite the protests and opposition of the more intelligent and far-seeing people present, resolutions are adopted demanding the adoption of certain policies and the taking of certain lines of action which, if carried into effect, instead of bettering conditions would only serve to prolong and existing difficulties and make them infinitely worse. Secession proposals, threats of boycotts, defiance of law and organized resistance to law officers, only add fire to flames already burning. They mean more, not less trouble and suffering. They contain no element of remedy.

In China, or in South American countries, revolution may still be the only method of securing reforms and in the present world-wide depression, the expedient of revolution has been resorted to in these countries, but whether conditions will be bettered thereby, time alone will disclose. But in Canada, Great Britain, the United States, the people enjoy democratic political institutions which place the power of constitutional action right in their own hands. If present national, provincial or municipal policies are not sound and in the best interests of the masses, then the people themselves can right them. They may not be able to immediately correct all their economic difficulties, because in this world no one nation can govern its own economic conditions, much as it may strive to do so. But it can itself adopt those policies which it believes are best calculated to ease its difficulties, solve its problems, and advance the welfare of its people, not of one class or section alone, but the general interests of all.

It is to the evolution of such policies that the thought and energies of people should now be devoted; not in following blind leaders of the blind who would tear up and destroy on the vague promise that upon the wreckage so created they would build up something different, but in explanation of the exact nature of which they are so delightfully indefinite.

In conclusion, let it be repeated that these are times that test men. These are times that call for cool heads, clear thinking; not for wild talk and a multitude of untired theories.

## Pensions For the Blind

## Saskatchewan Body Requests That Federal Government Be Asked To Take Action

To ask the provincial government to petition the Federal Government for pensions for the blind in Saskatchewan, a delegation of members of the advisory board of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind met Premier Anderson at the parliament buildings, Regina, recently.

The delegation to the Saskatchewan Government is a result of the action taken by the Manitoba Government at its last session when they received a similar request for pensions for the blind in Manitoba from the Manitoba division of the institute.

The Saskatchewan delegation was composed of members of the advisory board of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind in Saskatchewan, assisted by Captain Ben, general secretary for the institute in Canada, and Major E. Flexman, general manager of the central west division with headquarters in Winnipeg. The chairman of the delegation was Dr. P. C. Middleton, who is the chairman of the Saskatchewan advisory board.

## Valuable Invention

A machine has been invented to test the toughness of beefsteaks. A dial attached to the blade of the simple but ingenious instrument records the degree of difficulty which the blade encounters in cutting through the tissue of the meat.

Worry will reduce a person's weight, but few people ever seek that remedy.

Deposits in savings banks in Germany are increasing.

England may change its horsepower tax on automobiles.

**CORNS**  
Stop Aching Drop Off  
USE  
**PUTNAM'S**  
Corn Extractor

W. N. O. 1267

**Core throats**  
Need Double  
Treatment  
Vicks' double  
action (inhaled  
and absorbed)  
brings relief  
**VICKS'**  
VAPORUB  
OVER 25 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

## Demanding Federal Assistance

## Ottawa Flooded With Suggestions For Relieving Distress In the West

Resolutions demanding federal assistance for western farmers are flooding into the capital daily, every mail bringing scores of declarations from Boards of Trade, farmers' locals and other bodies. The proposals in these resolutions vary greatly but agree in demanding a minimum price to be fixed for wheat by the Dominion.

Cabinet ministers, quite frankly, are amazed at the widespread dissatisfaction obtaining in the west and are at a loss to know what to do in the circumstances.

The resolutions, as a rule, ask for the following measures:  
1.—Abolition of the gold standard.  
2.—Payment by parliament of all outstanding debts of farmers, including grocery bills, chattel mortgages, overdue interest and 25 per cent. of all mortgages.

3.—Fixing of the price of wheat at anywhere from 70 cents to \$1 per bushel.

The Federal Government regards all these suggestions as entirely impracticable and unworkable and there is no intention of granting any relief to the west other than that afforded by the unemployment fund.

## France and Disarmament

## French Nation Would Seek For Security First

And, for the French of all orthodox schools of political thought, the precedence of security over disarmament is indisputable. They have in practice reduced armaments; but the theory that armaments should not be reduced until there is security is for them as unshakable as the rock of Gibraltar. There are plenty of arguments to the contrary, but they do not convince the French. One can ask whether absolute security is meant and in that case, as there is no such thing as absolute security, there is an end of disarmament. One can ask whether, if relative security is meant, with what degree of relative security the French would be satisfied—and to that there is no answer. One can argue that disarmament is one of the conditions of security—but the French would only repeat that they would have security first—Sisley Huddleston in the New Statesman.

## Paved Highway Across Canada

## Predicted That It Will Be a Reality Within Ten Years

Canada's proposed Atlantic-to-Pacific highway was pictured as a paved thoroughfare of the future to delegates attending the annual meeting of the Canadian Association of Tourist and Convention Bureau at Winnipeg. Mayor Ralph H. Webb of Winnipeg, disclosed that western farmers had been assured by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, with whom they conferred at Ottawa some time ago, that the Dominion government was prepared to participate in the completion of the highway on a fifty-fifty basis with the provinces.

Mr. Bennett had added at that time, said Mayor Webb, the prediction that within ten years the highway would be paved from the Maritimes to British Columbia.

## Helium Gas

## Western Canada the Potential Source Of Supply For the Empire

The disaster to the airship R-101 and subsequent discussions about the use of the inert gas helium instead of inflammable hydrogen to provide the lift interest deeply two regions in the British Commonwealth—Canada and Trinidad. At present the entire world supply of the gas is obtained from the United States, and helium will lift the airships now being constructed there. Prospects have discovered large potential supplies of the gas in Western Canada, and dependent on the future of airship policy, there is a likelihood that efforts will be made to recover the gas.

## PATENTS

A List of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information, Sent Free On Request. The RAMSAY Co. 275 BARR ST. CHICAGO, ILL.

## Appreciates Canada's Action

## United States Attorney-General Says Liquor Smuggling Driven From Canadian Border

Liquor smugglers have been driven from the Canadian border by the high seas by the Canadian Anti-Export Act, United States Attorney-General Mitchell discloses in his annual report issued at Washington.

The Canadian nation dealt a severe blow to border traffic when it amended its Export Act of May 30, 1930, and outlawed direct clearance of liquor from Canada to the United States," report says: "The natural result of this restrictive legislation was to drive some additional professional smugglers to the high seas, where their activities would be more likely to succeed. The French possession of St. Pierre, Miquelon, which for a number of years has been the chief rendezvous and supply point for the liquor-smuggling fraternity off our eastern coast, has experienced a substantial increase in this for business."

"It is also noteworthy that 25 of the 29 foreign liquor ships seized during the year were British. Vessels of this nationality still predominate in the trade, even though the chief smuggling base is French. Increased activity in Nova Scotia ports has been observed, because most of the vessels which operate in the smuggling trade out of St. Pierre are documented in Nova Scotia ports and are owned, at least ostensibly, by Canadian citizens."

"The smugling of liquor across the Canadian border has already been mentioned. This action on the part of Canada is real evidence of the desire of that nation to co-operate with us in the solution of our smuggling problem and is very highly appreciated."

Twenty-seven thousand seven hundred and nine persons went to jail for violation of the prohibition laws in 1930—5,017 more than in 1929 and 4,238 more cases were pending at the close of the year than at the close of the previous year.

"The success of the National Prohibition Act," says the report, "showed improvement over 1929."

## May Go To Mexico

## Doubtless Colony From Canada Reported To Be Settling In With Mexican Authorities

A despatch from Mexico City says that Peter Verigin and Aaron Sapro, representatives of the Doukhobor colony of Canada, conferred with the Mexican government regarding the possibility of 10,000 to 20,000 Doukhobors coming to Mexico if the government would help them to acquire land.

Verigin and Sapro received the support of the executive committee of the National Confederation of Chambers of Commerce, and this group obtained the hearing before the secretary of agriculture.

It was stated that if the Doukhobors came to Mexico they probably would settle in the northern portion.

**Stakes Breathing Easy.** The constancy of the Russian and the struggle for breath too familiar evidence of asthmatic trouble, cannot doubt Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This is the famous remedy which is known far and wide for its complete effectiveness even under very severe conditions. It is no untried, experimental preparation, but one with many years of strong service behind it. Buy it from your nearest dealer.

## Railway Crossing Accidents

## Nineteen Deaths From This Cause Recorded For September

Deaths as a result of railway crossing accidents in September numbered 19, according to a report issued by the board of railway commissioners. There were 45 accidents and besides those killed 70 were injured. By provinces, accidents were: Prince Edward Island, 1; Nova Scotia, 3; New Brunswick, 5; Quebec, 13; Ontario, 10; Manitoba, 2; Saskatchewan, 2; Alberta, 5; and British Columbia, 4. Only three of the 45 accidents occurred at protected crossings.

The total for the month of all accidents in connection with railways was 183, in which two passengers, seven employees, and 41 others were killed.

**Imports From U.S. Lower**  
Imports into Canada during October from both United States and Great Britain showed material decreases from corresponding figures for 1929, with United States losing proportionately more trade than Great Britain. Total imports for the month aggregated \$78,358,000, compared with \$116,271,000 in October, 1929, a decrease of \$37,913,000.

Production of aeroplanes and aero engines in England is near a record peak.

Mineral's Liment for Frost Bite.

## Was Weak and Run Down

## Could Scarcely Do Housework



Price 50c a box

Sold by all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

## Western Horses For Russia

## Saskatchewan Man Receives Order For 2,000 Horses From Soviets

A sale of 2,000 Canadian horses has been negotiated with the government of Soviet Russia by Alphonse Champagne of North Battleford, Sask., he reported on his arrival in Ottawa, following a business trip to Europe. The horses will be shipped from Western Canada at an early date.

Mr. Champagne formerly sat in the House of Commons for North Battleford, but now devotes his entire time to private business. He stated that his preconceived notions of conditions in the Soviet have been completely changed as the result of his visit to that country. "I found not only government officials but the people generally friendly to Canada," he said, and anxious to further commercial relations between the two countries."

## Artist Travels With Circus

## Dame Laura Knight Produces Paintings That Breathe Of The Big Top

After travelling with a circus through England during the summer season, Dame Laura Knight has placed her paintings on exhibition in London. They are said to have made a sensation, those of ponies, zebras and elephants being almost alive with color. Some of the sketches of behind the scenes are particularly vivid and spontaneous. When members of the circus troupe visited the exhibit they gave an acrobatic turn to show their appreciation. The fair artist travelled as a regular member of the troupe and shared their joys and hardships.

Douglas' Egyptian Liment is especially recommended for spider, or infection of cow's teat. Invaluable also in cases of sprains, curbs and splints.

## No Permanent Depression

## Bank President Refers To the Soundness Of Our General Economic Condition

"In this virile country of Canada with its abundant resources there can be no permanent depression," Sir Charles Gordon, president of the Bank of Montreal, stated in his address at the annual meeting of the bank at Montreal. Sir Charles' review of the business of the bank and of the Dominion during the past year contended that under all the circumstances Canadians could justly congratulate themselves upon the inherent vigor and soundness of their general economic situation.

Yugo-Slavia's population has just been estimated at 14,000,000.

## So Many Home Uses!

## Keep foods fresh longer by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani

## Keep the freshness in sandwiches, pies, etc., by covering them with Para-Sani

## Use Para-Sani to keep food fresh longer by covering it with Para-Sani



## Line Of Profitable Exploitation In Northern Areas Being Rapidly Pushed Backward

No doubt many people heard of the Sverdrup islands for the first time when they read that the Arctic group now belonged to Canada. The Dominion has paid Commander Otto Sverdrup the sum of \$67,000 in return for his exploration services in that region from 1898 to 1902, and in return the Government of Norway fully recognizes Canadian sovereignty, which now covers the entire Arctic sector north of the Canadian mainland.

The Sverdrup group has a total area about equal to that of Nova Scotia and according to Commander Sverdrup, who is corroborated by Inspector Joy, it holds a peculiar species of rabbit, which marches upright on its hind legs. Otherwise the islands seem to be notable chiefly for the fact that they are our farthest-north properties, 600 miles beyond the Arctic Circle.

So Commander Sverdrup has his \$67,000 and we have the islands, and everybody seems to have come out of the deal with profit with the exception of the Government of Norway, and it is not complaining. We do not quite know what we are going to do with the islands. There appears to be no practical advantage in a rabbit which walks on its hind legs, and at the moment this Arctic is not a convenient summer resort. Nevertheless it is well that Canada's northern regions should be rounded off by legal possession of this group. Recalling the extraordinary manner in which the line of profitable exploitation has been pushed backward in recent years, few would care to predict that Sverdrup's discoveries are worthless. A few years ago Hays and James Hays were far beyond the bounds of civilization—and now there is a railroad to Churchill and next year the rails are going to Moose Factory. The future may hold for the Arctic regions advances relatively just as sensational; and in the meantime a good many newspaper readers—and editors—will have consulted their atlases and will know just a little bit more about the receding North—Ottawa Journal.

### Decrease in Fall Plowing

Only 36 Per Cent. As Compared With 46 Last Year

Fall plowing was not so good this year as last. A crop report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics states: "For all Canada the proportion of land intended for next year's crops that had been plowed at October 31, 1930, is estimated at 36 per cent., as compared with 46 per cent. in 1929, and 29 per cent. in 1928. By provinces, the proportions for 1930 are as follows, with the corresponding figures for 1929 within brackets: Prince Edward Island, 60 (75); Nova Scotia, 32 (48); New Brunswick, 22 (58); Quebec, 74 (78); Ontario, 60 (58); Manitoba, 60 (64); Saskatchewan, 21 (19); Alberta, (43); British Columbia, 43 (46)."

### Alberta Gasoline Consumption

Preliminary figures compiled by the Deputy Provincial Treasurer for Alberta show that a total of 37,000,000 gallons of gasoline was purchased in the province during the first nine months of the year, resulting in a revenue of \$1,819,000 to the province, less the refund on gasoline used for industrial purposes. Last year's nine months' purchases amounted to 34,900,000 gallons.

### A National Undertaking

The B.C. Telephone Company has announced the beginning of construction of British Columbia's link in a complete trans-Canada telephone system. The provincial link will cost \$1,250,000. All Canadian telephone companies are co-operating in this national undertaking.



"Your little boy has stolen a cake at the baker's."  
"Toto, you naughty boy—stealing at your age."—Moustique, Charleroi.

W. N. O. 1867

## World's Greatest Apple Continent

### North America Is Famous For Its Many Varieties

North America is claimed to be the greatest apple continent in the world with orchards ranging from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Atlantic to the Pacific. From Nova Scotia come specimens that rank among the finest and when its fruit trees bloom in spring, their white and pink adornment lends enchantment to the view. Quebec and Ontario, particularly the southern districts, present an equally attractive spectacle. On the Pacific coast the famous Okanagan Valley can hold its own anywhere. Which produces the finest variety is an endlessly debated question, though housewives have been reported as virtual plumpers for the Baldwin as the best cooking apple.

The United States Department of Agriculture in a statement recently issued, produces figures showing that the consumption of apples in that country has doubled in the last ten to twelve years. While buyers show a decided preference for red apples, New York has a fairly good market for Greenings, as have Chicago and Philadelphia. Should the price ever rise too high the New York Times reminds the consumer that during the gold rush of ninety years ago apples sold for from \$50 to \$70 a bushel in California. No less than 7,500 varieties of American apples have been recorded, but only fifty are regarded as of commercial importance. While apple have been cultivated in Great Britain since the period of the Roman occupation, that country is now this continent's best customer.



(By Eva A. Tingey.)



7328

### ATTENTION SCHOOL GIRLS!

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York. If you'd like to look really smart, you must have a woolen frock with a bolero jacket. For hardy wear, feather weight tweed offers a marvelous possibility to say nothing of its decided chic. It is adorable in Bordeaux-red mixture with a blouse of plain white linen or wool jersey. The all-round box-plaited skirt, belted at the normal waistline, is so pretty and girlish. The blouse has long sleeves, so the little bolero jacket may be removed when too warm in the classroom. Wool challis prints, wool jersey, crepe, patterned and plain woollens, covert cloth and tweed-like cottons are suitable for this practical model. This pattern may be obtained in sizes 8 to 14. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut. Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau, Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 170 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

State .....

Country .....

## Planters Win Envious Place

British Experts Praise Flavor Of Canadian Grown Tobacco

At the exhibition of British industries held in London, England, at the beginning of the summer, manufacturers made a great display of the tobacco grown in different parts of the Empire. The Canadian product, alongside Russian and Indian tobaccos, won a large measure of success. Its aroma and flavor were praised by the experts. It is well known that our tobaccos are cultivated nowadays for the best brands of cigars and cigarettes. The favour which they enjoy is principally due to the care which is given to their culture and treatment. Planters understand the necessity of using scientific methods to get the industry established on a profitable business basis. They have adopted the best commercial varieties and have won an enviable place in British and foreign markets.

## Russia Buys Hogs

Purchased Twenty Thousand Pigs From Germany

Twenty thousand pigs, worth several million marks, have been bought by the Soviet Government from German farmers and transported to Russia via Poland in sealed railway wagons. The Soviet is paying 20 per cent. of the purchase price in cash and the rest on a credit guaranteed by the German Government. The pigs are to be used for breeding purposes, it is said, but it is believed in Germany that most of them will eventually find their way into the Russian slaughter houses.

## Encourage Poultry Raising

Booklet To Be Sent Out This Winter To Saskatchewan Breeders

Between 3,000 and 4,000 poultry breeders of Saskatchewan will receive this winter a catalogue booklet to assist them in their work, according to arrangements made by the Saskatchewan Poultry Breeders' Association executive. The catalogue will contain the names of owners of "record of performance" flocks, of which there are from 15 to 18 in the province, approved flock breeders and turkey breeders.

## Alberta's Rhodes Scholar

Kenneth W. Combe, who achieved his early education by home study in the practically school-less northland, is Alberta's Rhodes scholar for 1930. The selection has just been announced. Combe, who hails from Fort Smith in the Northwest Territories, will graduate from the University of Alberta next May in honors philosophy, and leaves in September next for a three-year course at Oxford.

## Policy To Help Agriculture

Constructive Policies Are Outlined By Federal Minister Of Agriculture

Great increase in pork production in Canada on account of the grain situation was predicted by Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture for Canada at a recent banquet in Toronto given by him on behalf of the Federal Government to agricultural, business executives and government representatives attending the Royal Agricultural Winter Fair. Mr. Weir outlined a constructive policy for promoting greater prosperity for agriculture in Canada, emphasizing quality production. For improvement of live stock the Canadian Government will supply sires where demand justifies, arranging change of location after two years and will supply breed sows of baco type at cost to farmers, and hopes to output outstanding sires of different breeds of horses. It is also proposed to set up laboratories available at nominal fees to eradicate disease from poultry and to take effective steps to prevent importation of disease. Hon. Mr. Weir advocated more scientific methods of feeding, using home grown feeds and attention to science of marketing, as measures calculated to insure Canada's continuous and increasing importance in agricultural production.

## Not the Last Word

Commercial Fish May Yet Be Found In Northern Bay

The report of fish sterility in the deeper waters of Hudson Bay is not the last word in that important respect. There remain the shallower depths of James Bay, the estuary of immense inland streams where various species—and many fish—exist and have been taken. The same condition exists in Northern Manitoba where salt and fresh water commingle, where food is washed into the inlet and stream mouths. Fish in commercial quantities have been taken there.

## Deaths From Alcoholism

Deaths from alcoholism in the United States declined last year from the total attained in 1928. A census bureau tabulation of the total deaths attributed to that cause in the registration area—46 states, the District of Columbia and a group of nine cities in the other two states—showed 4,339 deaths against 4,627 recorded in 1928.

## Cattle Shipments To Britain

Another shipment of cattle to Great Britain left Montreal recently—some 600 head—with a further shipment of 600 head scheduled to follow. The opinion is expressed that other orders are likely to go forward before the close of the year.

## New And Unique Mineral Found In Alberta May Have Far Reaching Possibilities

### Crate Feeding Pays

Many Good Reasons Why Crate Feeding Of Poultry Is Profitable

Some very good reasons why crate feeding poultry pays are supplied by the Division of Poultry Husbandry of the Dominion Experimental Farms, among which are the following:—Crate feeding pays because it produces the milked grades which bring the best prices.

The leading wholesale merchants are now buying poultry by government grades, with substantial differentials between each grade.

The premium assured for birds which grade "Milked" makes crate feeding well worth while.

All poultry intended for eating purposes should be properly finished before being marketed.

The farmer should crate feed because: It is the only way by which he can get the premium assured for milked poultry; the last pound, which brings the finish, costs the least to produce and increases the value of the bird from 30 to 75 cents or more; it is the best way in which to properly finish poultry for market.

The consumer wants milked poultry because: It is the milked grades alone which give assurance of the quality which satisfies; it gives him the best value for his money in tender succulent chicken; it comes from the oven tender, juicy and sweet, the kind of bird he really likes to eat.

### To Produce Better Grain

J. C. Mitchell, Of Dahnada, Sask., Will Devote Energies To This

Three times winner of the world's championship for wheat at the Chicago International Grain Show, J. C. Mitchell, of Dahnada, Saskatchewan, does not expect to compete for further honors at the world's grain show in Regina, in 1932. Instead he will undertake educational work among Saskatchewan farmers with the object of encouraging them to compete at the show. Although Mr. Mitchell claims that there is a great deal of satisfaction in producing better grain than has been produced before, he has stated in the past that from a financial standpoint the experimental work does not offer much inducement to the average farmer.

### Manitoba Butter

Sixty Carloads Shipped This Year To Toronto Market

M. A. Gibson, provincial dairy commissioner, states that since 1915 nearly \$20,000,000 worth of creamery butter has been shipped out of Manitoba, the peak being reached in 1925, when 260 carloads valued at \$2,007,660 were shipped. This year 60 carloads have been shipped to the Toronto market where Manitoba creamery butter commanded a premium over the local product.

### One On The Joker

One of a small company cracking jokes asked: "Can you tell me the difference between a Scotsman and a cocoanut?"

No answer being forthcoming, the speaker said, "Well, you can get a drink out of a cocoanut, but—"

"Excuse me," put in one of the company, "but I happen to be a Scotsman. Would you like a drink?"

"Oh, yes," eagerly answered the joker.

"Then buy a cocoanut," was the reply.

### Germany Has Air Rules

A new set of aviation rules has just been issued in Germany. "Planes must fly over cities at an altitude permitting them to make a forced landing at an airport. All planes must pass others from the right and must give a wide berth to the left when approaching a plane in the air. Red lights are to appear on a plane when it is about to land."

### Air Line To Cape Town

The tragic loss of R-101 has not halted British Commonwealth's plans for future development of air routes with heavier-than-air machines. Early in the new year the first stage of the great airway across Africa to Cape Town will be opened. It will consist of new machines carrying 40 passengers, multiple-engine for safety, will be put in operation.

### Strong Canadian Wood

Tests made by the Forest Products Laboratories of the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, Canada, show Douglas fir to be one of the strongest and stiffest of Canadian woods.

### Long and somewhat secretive laboratory investigations are expected, shortly, to add a new mineral to the roster of the Dominion's products.

Though research was carried on in university and industrial laboratories in the east, principally Toronto, manufacture is to be chiefly in the west.

The mineral is vermiculite, or as it is more commonly known, zonolite. Its potential uses are chiefly as an insulator and as an acoustical treatment in buildings.

Samples of the raw material seen in Calgary, were, in appearance and to touch, like crumpled mica of dark green color. It is a silicate and insoluble in most acids. Coming from the mine, it varies in size from dust to pieces several square inches in area.

In the raw form, it weighs 144 pounds to the cubic foot. But, once heat is applied to it, it expands enormously till it has a bulk weight of approximately 10 pounds per cubic foot. It is this peculiar characteristic, research workers say, which gives it its commercial possibilities. It also changes in color to a lustrous gold. In Calgary, tests have been made by grinding the mineral over different size wire screens, then firing it in a 20 ft. kiln.

"The economic value of zonolite," says Angus Graham, Toronto research engineer, who came west to aid in the experiments, "is attributable to its thermal and sound insulating properties, its ability to withstand high temperatures, its light weight and pleasing appearance."

He goes on to say that not only does it insulate but the tests show that it does not readily transmit heat. Canadian experiments are supported by highly technical investigations carried on by the Bureau of Standards at Washington. The mineral was used as high temperature insulation for bake ovens and dry kilns, pipes and boilers.

Tests made by Prof. G. R. Anderson, of the University of Toronto, in his laboratory there demonstrated zonolite's ability to absorb sound. The eastern scientist used it in the form of a lustrous gold plaster, three-quarters inch, one quarter wood pulp. His research showed that a zone frequency of 512, it has a sound absorptive coefficient of .25—in other and non-technical words, it soaks up sound and noise. The degree that makes its use feasible in treating this nuisance in buildings. Since psychologists are, at the same time, reporting the adverse effect of too much noise on the human mind, the discovery of the mineral is timely.

So far, chief sources of supply are in the United States, but traces of the material have already been found in Canada and these are being carefully followed up. Potential development is largely due to the work of Canadian engineers and scientists.

Possibilities of the mineral were discovered by accident. E. M. Alley, while prospecting an old mine shaft for molybdenum and vanadium, placed a miner's candle in the wall of the shaft. It touched a projecting piece of vermiculite. Noticing, with surprise, the expansion and change of color under the flame, he took samples. This led to the development.

Research work has been carried on with as publicity. Only now have the results been issued in newspaper papers. Nor will any of those linked with the work make claims for anything revolutionary. They simply lay the characteristics of a new and unique mineral, expressing the opinion that it will soon be utilized commercially, and generally. It has already been tested in the west as an acoustic treatment on theatres. One large Canadian concern is, however, sufficiently impressed by the results to sponsor continued experiment and test manufacturing processes in the west.

### New Species Of Deer

Two thousand caribou, a cross between a large woodland caribou and a reindeer, are to be distributed among the reindeer herds of Alaska. The herd has been born up through five years of experiments on Nunavut Island in the Behring Sea. The interbreeding has produced an animal 50 pounds heavier than either the caribou or the reindeer, W. B. Miller, director of the work, says.

### Heavy Wheat Shipment

A consignment of 200,000 bushels of wheat has been sold to the Mexican Government on behalf of the Canadian Wheat Pool. The wheat was put through by the Canadian trade commissioner to Mexico, according to an announcement made at the office of Hon. H. H. Stevens, Dominion Minister of Trade and Commerce.

## Represent West at Royal Winter Fair



Swine Club Judging Champions, representing the Western Provinces, made a clean sweep of the judging contests at the Royal Winter Fair, held recently at Toronto. The photograph shows the winners of the four western provincial titles and the winners of the Dominion Championship in Swine and Calf Judging. The teams from Alberta were successful in defeating teams from all other Provinces of the Dominion in Calf and Swine Club work and also captured the coveted Robt Trophy for Swine Club Judging and the W. J. Black Trophy for Calf Club Work. From left to right the photograph shows: Top row: H. R. Bowman, special

representative, Agricultural Dept., Canadian National Railway, Vancouver, B.C.; Avery McConnell, Wileston, Sask.; Ivan McDonald, Wileston, Sask.; T. P. Devin, superintendent of farm employment, Canadian National Railway. Second row: W. E. Schmidt and Robert Wylie, of Vegreville, Alta., Dominion Champions in Swine Club Judging, and Borden and Vernon McNeight, of Camrose, Alta., Dominion Champions in Calf Club Judging. Bottom row: Bill Perry, Armstrong, B.C.; Agnes Creighton, McConnell, Man.; Saddle McConnell, McConnell, Man., and Arthur Nash of Armstrong, B.C.—Photo Canadian National Railway.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

"Footsie," claimed by her owners to be the "world's oldest cat," is dead at Winnipeg. She was 23 years old. There are no survivors.

The net value of Britain's national wealth is now \$90,225,000,000 according to Sir Josiah Stamp, noted economist, who in 1914 put the figures at \$71,550,000,000.

The total estimated wealth of the prairie provinces is \$7,380,000,000, according to a statistician issued by the industrial development board of Manitoba. This is 25.51 of the Canadian total.

The United States and France are shown by the bulletin of the Federal Reserve for November to control the world's supply of gold. Together the two countries hold about 60 per cent. of all yellow metal.

Defending his country's policy in India, Sir Ronald Lindsay, as guest of honor at a dinner in New York, called the relations between Great Britain and India the most pacific in their history.

Juvenile immigration into Canada will be limited to actual demands, it was decided at a conference attended by federal and provincial government representatives and those of interested societies.

The Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada, organized a year ago, now has a constitution, set of by-laws and a code of ethics, all of which have been ratified by the fellows of the college.

A hotel is to be opened in Ottawa by the Canadian Legion to provide shelter for veterans of the Great War now in poor circumstances. It will have 80 to 100 beds and a free lunch counter.

Eighty-eight years of age, "Jerry" Robinson, one of Winnipeg's most noted pioneers and business men, died at his home, following an illness of only two days. He succumbed to an attack of pneumonia.

Vice-Admiral Sir Arthur Kipling Walcott, present commander-in-chief of the China station, has been appointed to succeed Admiral of the Fleet, Sir Roger Keyes, as commander-in-chief at Portsmouth.

Prince George Bibesco, of Rumania, was elected president of the International Aeronautic Federation, succeeding the Count de la Vaulx, who was killed in an aeroplane accident in the United States last fall.

Germany has made a demand before the preparatory disarmament commission that a general disarmament conference be called for November 2, 1931. No discussion on the suggestion took place.

The location of 60 families on 14,000 acres of good land between Melville and Oyster River on Vancouver Island, one of the biggest land settlement projects ever undertaken in British Columbia, is under consideration by the C.P.R.

Between 10 and 15 per cent. of northern Saskatchewan's wheat is still unthreshed, according to a report issued by the soldier settlement board at Prince Albert. Thousands of acres of grain will remain under snow till spring.

## Liner Stopped To Aid Islander

As the liner "Tonic" was passing lonely Pitcairn Isle, in the Pacific, it received an appeal for help for a man dying from lockjaw. The liner was stopped, and the ship surgeon was taken ashore in a small boat. He treated the man, who rallied, and gave the islanders instructions as to nursing and treatment before returning to the liner.

## Tree Seed Planted From Air

The forestry department of Hawaii has been engaged this season in planting tree seed by aeroplane. A U.S. army plane was used on the job. It was flown over a large eroded area and 1,589 pounds of seeds were dropped from an elevation of 2,000 feet. Mixed seed was used.

## Wine Red Canton Crepe With Eggshell

Wine red canton crepe with eggshell faille crepe and black crepe marocain with white are modish for all-day wear. This pattern may be obtained in size 16 to 20 and 34 to 42. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

## Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin)

to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 176 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

## Pattern No. .... Size ....

Name .....

## Address .....

## City .....

## State .....

## Country .....

## W. N. U. 1897

## Canada's Fishing Grounds

Most Extensive In World and Yield Is Exceptional In Variety

"The Dominion's fishing grounds, both sea and inland, are perhaps the most extensive in the world and they yield food fishes in exceptional variety. Of prime natural quality, these fish are marketed in numerous different forms — fresh, frozen, canned, dried, smoked, etc.—by an industry whose processing methods have kept pace with the most advanced fisheries practices. As a result, fresh or prepared fish of the first quality are always available to the Canadian consumer. It is also to be said that in many cases fish foods are cheaper than other food products."

As indicating the importance of the fishing industry to the country, a statement of the Department of Fisheries points out that the industry represents an investment of some \$62,000,000, and is the direct source of livelihood for some 80,000 Canadians and their dependents as well as an indirect source of employment for a large number of workers in various industries in all parts of the Dominion. Annual fisheries production now runs between fifty and fifty-five million dollars and the fisheries add approximately \$36,000,000 to the country's export trade every year. The fisheries resources, however, are capable of much further development and increasing popular attention to their exploitation on sound lines must make the fishing industry a still greater contributor to the economic strength of the Dominion.



(By Eva A. Tingey).



7338

## LOVELY AND SMART

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York.

A charming chic tulle — lovely and smart as paint — to be carried out in Burdette red twist mixture in monotone effect is today's model. The right side of the pique cross-over vest is passed through a slit, terminating in a scarf end.

The triangular pockets lend a sportive air. At either side of the front of the skirt, inverted platts provide the necessary width and flare to the hem.

There are also lovely vivid blues, greens and browns.

Wool jersey in cricket green or black is stunning with white plique trim.

Wine red canton crepe with eggshell faille crepe and black crepe marocain with white are modish for all-day wear.

This pattern may be obtained in size 16 to 20 and 34 to 42. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 176 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size ....

Name .....

Address .....

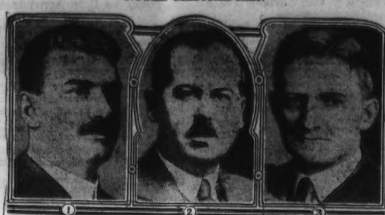
City .....

State .....

Country .....

W. N. U. 1897

## NOTED MEDICAL MEN



Above are shown three noted medical men, who attended the annual meeting of the Canadian national committee for mental hygiene in Toronto. (1) Dr. A. H. Desloges, general director of hospitals for insane in province of Quebec. (2) Dr. A. Grant Fleming, professor of preventive medicine and public health at McGill University, who has been appointed medical director of hygiene council to succeed Dr. C. Hacks, and (3) Prof. J. M. MacEachern, director of department of philosophy at Alberta, Edmonton.

## About Tuberculosis

Educational Plan To Combat Disease Waged In All Parts Of The Dominion

Great encouragement has been given in the last ten years to those people who believe that much of our disease can be prevented.

Every doctor and almost every enlightened layman holds this belief and the encouragement which the last ten years has brought to these people is evident in the success which is crowning the efforts of these people who are fighting that dread destroyer, Tuberculosis.

The death from all forms of Tuberculosis has dropped about one per hundred thousand population per year or from 90 to 80 in ten years. During the same interval the sanatorium treatment beds have increased from 4,000 to 7,000.

It is interesting to note how this has been accomplished. Canada is fortunate in having an excellent organization working on their behalf in this regard—the Canadian Tuberculosis Association, which organization has for years been in the very forefront of the battle against this disease. They have carried the warning against tuberculosis right to the minds of the general public. They have waged an educational campaign against it in all parts of the Dominion. But they have done more than merely to warn and to alarm. They have been responsible for many cures and for a very great deal of prevention. One of the most interesting phases as well as the most needed of their work is the branch which is devoted to studies by physical medical examination. People in whole districts are frequently examined for signs of incipient tuberculosis and many cases are found of people who are afflicted with tuberculosis in its incipency. Since the disease at this stage is almost certainly and permanently curable the Association is thus responsible for the saving of many lives and the prevention of much misery.

In this connection the Annual Christmas Seal Sale is mentioned. This sale which receives the support of all classes of citizen serves a valuable and two-fold purpose. First of course it raises money. This is used for local committees, mainly diagnostic and home visiting nursing services. Secondly the annual educational campaign of the Christmas Seal sale gives the public much needed information about the work and the need for the work.

"The type of citizen who buys Christmas Seal" an official of the organization recently said, "is not the kind to let his brother down."

## Fostering Home Industry

Saskatchewan Caught Fish To Be Used In Provincial Institutions

With a view to fostering the fishing industry in the northern part of the province, the government is substituting Saskatchewan-caught whitefish for the British Columbia product, formerly used in the mental hospital at Weyburn, the industrial school, Regina, and the old folks home, Woleseley.

The government has also written to the secretary of the Anti-Tuberculosis league suggesting the introduction of the Saskatchewan-caught whitefish in the sanatoria at Fort Qu'Appelle, Prince Albert and Saskatoon.

## Ranches Change Hands

Ranch lands totalling 90,000 acres in southeastern Alberta have recently changed hands in exchange for Seattle, Washington, property, the amount involved being reported as \$1,500,000. The ranch was formerly known as the "76" or "Jim English" ranch. The new owners intend stocking the land with pure bred cattle and polo ponies.

Teacher: "Name some of the most important things existing today, which were not known one hundred years ago."

Pupil: "You and me!"

## The Spirit Of The Red Cross

What the Junior Red Cross Is Trying To Accomplish For Peace

When the great conference of the Junior Red Cross Societies met in London, England, with the Duke of York as Chairman, they saw at the Scala Theatre, by means of a play what the Junior Red Cross is trying to do in the world for peace, and health, and happiness.

In the words of the Spirit of Red Cross the trinity of aims was well expressed as follows:

I am the Red Cross; who am known of all men To be merciful and compassionate. And of my fellowship are such as would find help serve

The sick and the suffering. Many there be of my servants who To Honour and Renew. But for the most part their reward is hidden

In the hearts of men. And now call I the children to be of my company.

For they, too, can be helpers. Following after their fashion in my footsteps

And weaving their threefold thread Of Health, Help and Friendship.

## Bar Convict Labor Goods

United States Takes Action To Prevent Importation Of This Nature

The treasury promulgated regulations against the importation of convict made goods, while a witness was telling the House Committee investigating committee how prisoners fare in Soviet camps.

The regulations require importers and shippers to show that importations from all countries are not produced by convict labor.

Russian goods have figured in several recent hearings at which the treasury was asked to bar certain products, but in announcing the regulations, Assistant Secretary Lowman said they were "not directed against Russia, but against everybody." They were issued under a law which required importers to post bond and submit a certificate of origin showing unpaid convicts did not manufacture the articles.

Many more buildings are being erected in Jamaica than a year ago.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON  
DECEMBER 14

SAUL OF TARSUS — HOW A PHARISEE BECAME A CHRISTIAN

Golden Text: "I count all things to be less than excellency of the knowledge of Christ Jesus my Lord: for whom I suffered the loss of all things, and do count them but refuse, that I may gain Christ." — Philippians 3:8.

Lesson: Acts 22:5-15.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 61-68.

Explanations and Comments

Paul's Birthplace and Education. Verse 3.—Paul had been charged with being an enemy of the Jews and that laws, and he began by declaring that he was a Jew through and through, born in Tarsus of Cilicia but educated in Jerusalem, having been taught by the great Rabbi Gamaliel "according to the strict law of our fathers," and was as zealous for God as they all now were.

The Arrested, verses 6-9.—In his zeal Paul had persecuted those of the "Way," he told the mob in Jerusalem, binding and sending men and women to prison. The high priests and elders could bear witness that he had received letters giving him authority to make arrests, and armed with these he had started for Damascus that he might bring back to Jerusalem for punishment the sinners of Christ whom he might find there.

Paul was very near Damascus, after a long journey of one hundred and fifty miles when suddenly at noon an extraordinary light shone about him and he fell to the ground.

Voice and answer followed. "Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou Me?" "Who art thou, Lord?" "I am Jesus, humble believest thou?" "Instant Obedience, verses 10, 11.—"What shall I do, Lord?" was Paul's humble question.

Christ. He had instantly turned from a persecutor to a follower, and given himself to his new Master's service. To know what Christ would have him do became thereafter the one desire of his heart, for he was the bond-servant of Christ; to him to live was Christ.

"Arise, and go into Damascus," was the answer. There he would learn what he was to do. The glory of the light had blinded him, and he was led by the hand like a little child.

Communion, verses 12-15.—There in Damascus Ananias, a devout and highly esteemed man, came to Paul and called him Brother. "Brother Saul," he said, "receive thy sight." And Paul looked up and saw him. It was God who had given him this vision and message. Ananias told him, and he was to be a witness for Christ unto all men.

## An Ice Cream Tree

One tree in the greenhouse of Mrs. M. A. Hora at Memphis, Tenn., is very popular with the children. It bears a fruit that "tastes like strawberry ice cream and looks like corn." It takes the years 15 months to ripen, according to Mrs. Hora, who got the tree from a St. Louis florist six years ago. The kernels are soft and mushy and very rich.

## Done By Advertising

The will of the late Honorable P. C. Larkin, amounted to \$3,500,000 the bulk of which was left to his family. As Mr. Larkin started as a tea merchant in a very humble way, his success is a striking example of what can be achieved by energy, enterprise and advertising. From practical obscurity he left a name that is known throughout the entire world.

## May Tax U. S. Publications

Federal Government Likely To Impose Some Form Of Duty

The Montreal Gazette publishes the following despatch from Ottawa.

"A determined effort to lessen what amounts to unfair competition for Canadian manufacturers is almost certain to be made by the present government in its revision of the tariff for the coming session, by imposing some form of duty against periodicals entering Canada and bearing a large amount of advertising of foreign-made goods. Such a blow would be aimed at large weekly publications from the United States, and it is expected that the duty will be imposed on a percentage basis, and that the publishers will be required to furnish advance copies of their publications to the department of national revenue for purpose of appraisal.

## Bounty Aids Better Import

Reason Australia Can Compete With Canadian Product Says Caulder

The reason Australian butter can compete on the Canadian market is because there is a bounty of about nine cents on every pound exported, thus giving the Australian exporter leeway in price-cutting, according to J. A. Caulder, former president of the National Dairy Council of Canada.

Mr. Caulder pointed out that for every four pounds of butter produced in Australia, one pound was for export.

The speaker pointed out that 60 per cent. of the Canadian West was suitable for dairy production, and he strongly recommended introduction of more mixed farms in the West to overcome the present wheat depression.

## Plotting Against Soviets

Reports State Leon Trotsky Is Directing Operations

Despatches to the Telegraphen Union from Kovno, Lithuania, recently said the OGPU (Soviet secret police), had discovered an elaborate plot by anti-Communist factions in South Russia with headquarters at Taganrog.

The report said the plotters were acting under the direct advice of the exiled Leon Trotsky, who was reported to be at Istanbul, with the object of overthrowing the Stalin government.

## Solid Witnesses

The practice of establishing concrete monuments—known as fundamental bench marks—by the Geodetic Survey of Canada, Department of the Interior, in the course of its work in taking the elevation of the country above sea-level was inaugurated in 1925.

## New Winnipeg Industry

A new industry has come to Winnipeg from International Falls, Minnesota, the Reicher Auto Body Works having purchased a building for the establishment of their business.

## Make Your Windows Pay

Invest in WINDOLITE Windows and you will be repaid a hundredfold in the health of your Poultry and Live Stock

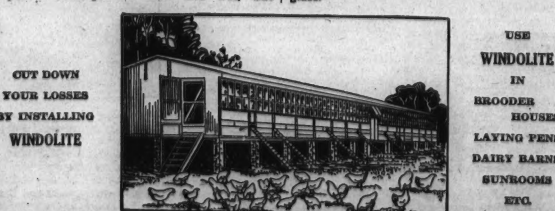
**WINDOLITE**

THE ORIGINAL GLASS SUBSTITUTE

MADE IN ENGLAND SINCE 1917 ON ORIGINAL PATENTS

This unbreakable glass substitute is light and flexible, easy to cut and fit, will withstand extreme changes in temperature, keeps out cold and wet, but

allows the full sunlight to enter, including the health-giving Ultra-Violet Rays, which do not penetrate ordinary glass.



Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

Distributors: JOHN A. CHANTLER & CO., LTD.  
61 Wellington St. W. TORONTO, ONT.



## BRITISH COAL MINERS REJECT STRIKE PROPOSAL

London, England.—There will be no great national coal strike in Great Britain, for the time being at any rate. Delegates to the miners' conference here turned down a strike proposal by the narrow margin of 230,000 to 200,000. The decision also implied there would be no strike ballot in the mining districts in question as previously seemed most likely.

Interest has now turned to the individual districts, above all to Scotland, where 55,000 miners are still out, and to South Wales, where the outcome of the negotiations going on between the owners and miners may well give a lead to the whole country.

In the South Wales fields probably the most important coal area in the country, the principal point at issue is the miners' demand that the 7½-hour working day, established by the new Coal Mines Act, be enforced. The owners have insisted that they be permitted to spread the 45 working-hours in a week through five eight-hour shifts and one nine-hour shift.

Credit was being given to Premier Ramsay MacDonald for his part in averting a national walkout. He and other members of the cabinet, sitting with the delegates, had urged that every effort be made to reach a settlement with the owners and his counsel prevailed.

### Viceroy Of India

Name Of Ramsay MacDonald Is Suggested For Office

London, England.—The Daily Mail says a suggestion has been seriously advanced that Premier Ramsay MacDonald become viceroy of India in succession to Lord Irwin, who will retire in April.

The Mail adds that the idea is a result of the good impression which Mr. MacDonald has made in conducting the Indian round table conference. It admits that such an appointment, which customarily is accompanied by a peerage, may appear fantastic, but says that the idea is more than mere rumor, and believes the appointment would satisfy the Indian people.

The question of Lord Irwin's successor is a favorite subject for speculation in political quarters just now. Lord Correll is most frequently mentioned.

### Aviators Leaves Message

Capt. Burke and Companions, Missing Aviators, Carve Words On Tree  
White Horse, Yukon Territory.—"October 17, leaving for Wolfe Lake, need food badly."

Such was the message discovered carved in a tree near the stranded plane of Capt. E. K. A. Burke and two companions who have been missing in this north country since October 11. Pilot E. L. Wasson and Joe Walsh, veteran prospectors, returned here after having inspected the plane at close range. Wasson and Walsh sighted the machine from the air ten days ago and three days later flew to within fifteen miles of the location, musing the intervening distance on snowshoes.

### Relief For Indians

Any Distress Will Be Taken Care Of By Government

Ottawa, Ont.—Prompt action will be taken by the government to relieve any distress reported among Indians this winter. Hon. T. C. Murphy, Minister of Interior and Indian Affairs, said on his return to Ottawa after a month's trip to the west.

Mr. Murphy conducted a personal examination of numerous Indian reservations in the neighborhood of the larger western centres and brought back the impression that in the southern sections, at least, conditions among the Indians were normal.

### Canada Doing Her Part

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada is doing her part as regards aiding in the world suppression of narcotics. Her part for the health committee of the League of Nations Society in Canada at an executive meeting of the society, Senator Dr. H. S. Beland pointed out drugs were neither manufactured nor exported from Canada. Through the R.C.M.P. and narcotics branch, the Dominion Government maintained a close tab on importations.

Argentine's present radio boom is greater even than last year.

W. N. U. 1867

### By-Election Won By Labor

Voting In Whitechapel Favors the Government Candidate

London, England.—James Hall, Labour party candidate, won the by-election for Whitechapel recently.

The results of the polling were, James Hall, Labour, 8,544; Barnett Janner, Liberal, 7,445; T. L. E. B. Guinness, Conservative, 3,735; Pollitt, Communist, 2,108.

The victory represented a greatly reduced majority for Labour. Labor's vote of 8,544 out of the total of 21,830 compares with the 13,701 ballots cast for the party, out of 21,839, in 1929.

Whitechapel, comprising for the most part, one of the so-called poor sections of London, had returned Labor candidates in 1923, 1926 and 1929, and each time with a large majority. The majority of Harry Gosling, Labor nominee, in the general election of 1929 was 9,180, one of the largest in the Kingdom. The victors were: Gosling, 13,701; Sedgewick, Liberal, 4,521, and T. L. E. B. Guinness, Conservative, 3,417.

## HEAVY GRAIN CARRY-OVER HAS BEEN DISPOSED OF

Port Arthur, Ont.—The statistical situation as far as Canada's wheat crop is concerned is in a good condition, according to E. B. Ramsay, chief grain commissioner for Canada, who arrived in Port Arthur. "We have a high quality crop to sell and the market has been fairly free," he said, explaining that between 5,000,000 and 7,000,000 bushels were being shipped to Europe every week.

The heavy carry-over of approximately 100,000,000 bushels of last year has been disposed of, Mr. Ramsay explained, and if the present shipments to Europe can be kept up to the end of the season, the carry-over for next year will be back to normal. That was every likelihood that this would be the case, depending to some extent on the quality of the Argentine wheat, which will come on the market in February.

Dumping of Russian wheat on the British market had its effect, Mr. Ramsay stated, but he pointed out that the Russian surplus had been exhausted and the situation from now on would not likely be disturbed by dumping the Russian surplus.

Although pointing out that his department had nothing to do with the marketing of the grain crop, Mr. Ramsay said "I feel we are at the bottom of it now. No one can really tell what is going to happen, but I believe there will be a gradual change for the better."

### Assembly Completes Work

Disarmament Commission Asks League To Set Date For Conference

Geneva, Switzerland.—Completing its task of drafting a general disarmament scheme for consideration by a world conference the preparatory commission invited the council of the League of Nations to set a date for the momentous assembly of statesmen.

The commission rejected an effort by Germany to have the commission recommend the specific date of November 5, 1931, for convening the general conference.

Canada lost a fight to delete from the article military planes and personnel used in civil work, such as patrolling forests and carrying aid to distressed citizens in remote places. The Canadian plan was supported by the United States and it is understood some arrangement will be reached at the general conference to meet the wishes of both countries.

### Britain Protests Radio

Speech From Russia

Regarded As Direct Violation Of Anti-Propaganda Agreement

London, England.—The British government will send a formal protest to Moscow against a radio broadcast from the Soviet capital, Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, foreign secretary, informed the House of Commons.

The speech, he said, is regarded as "a direct violation of the anti-propaganda agreement."

### Fire Threatens Northern Town

The Pan, Man.—The settlement of Gillies, more than half-way up the Hudson Bay Railway from The Pan, was threatened by fire, according to word reaching here. A restaurant, a pool room and a general store were wrecked by the blaze before it was controlled. Damage totalled \$6,000.

### HEADS MENTAL HYGIENE WORK



Dr. C. F. Martin, dean of faculty of medicine, McGill University, president of Canadian national committee on mental hygiene, who was principal speaker at a meeting in Convention Hall, Toronto.

### Trans-Canada Drivers

Make Slow Progress

Finding Trip In Motor Car Is Hard Work

Heard, Ont.—Pushing doggedly forward through northern Ontario bush country in 10-below-zero weather, Healy Needham and Gus McManus climaxed three weeks of discouraging reverse in their attempt to be the first to cross Canada by motor car, when they arrived on December 2 at Gauthier's trading post at Fagwa River, 90 miles west of here.

Word that in the past week they had covered 70 miles of trackless spruce swamp country was received here. Both men and their roadster are in good condition.

## RAMSAY OPPOSES PLAN TO REDUCE WHEAT AREAS

Port Arthur, Ont.—E. B. Ramsay, chief commissioner of the Board of Grain Commissioners of Canada, addressing the Port Arthur Chamber of Commerce at its annual meeting here, said he was not in sympathy with suggestions for a cutting-down of wheat areas of crops in Western Canada, principally because the whole transportation system of Canada depended on the amount of grain moved.

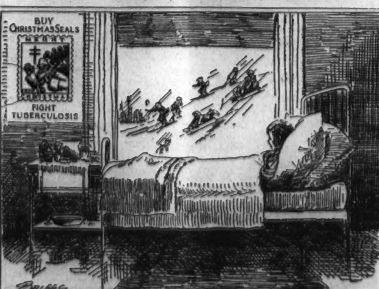
He preferred to rely on greater yield capacity quality and transportation facilities as advantages required by Canadian wheat to capture world markets. Mr. Ramsay also took occasion to say that he did not place too much reliance in resolutions that came from so many sources, declaring that they often went through merely because there was no one ready to oppose them.

He intimated he preferred a personal study of and contact with actual conditions by the board, actuated with a desire to administer the Canada Grain Act in the public interest.

He pointed out the Canadian grain crop was moving freely. There had been no embargo, he said, and he predicted none; and he believed that by July next things would be pretty well cleared up. The worst had been passed, he thought.

It was his opinion Port Arthur and Fort William would not suffer unduly from the competition of the Hudson Bay route. Replying to a suggestion of Mayor Gibson that the head offices of the Board of Grain Commissioners should be in Port Arthur, Mr. Ramsay said that if his personal opinion had governed in the matter, they would not be in Winnipeg.

## BUY CHRISTMAS SEALS



When a Feller Needs a Friend

### Constitution For India

Plan Is Gradually Taking Shape At Round Table Conference

London, England.—In rough outline, a federal constitution for India is gradually appearing in the discussions of the round table conference. It is emphasized in authoritative quarters that no decisions have been reached as yet. The scheme appears only in skeleton form. Everything still is in the tentative stage.

But discussion in the conference, sitting as a federal relations committee is turning on these subjects as coming within the domain of India's proposed new federal authority:

1. Shipping, navigation, and navigation services.
2. Salt.
3. Currency and coinage.
4. Trade, commerce and banking.
5. Control of opium cultivation.
6. Control of petroleum and explosives.
7. Geological survey.
8. Invention, designs and copyright.
9. Migration from and into India, and interprovincial migration.
10. Traffic in arms and ammunition.
11. Survey, meteorological services, census and statistics.
12. Immovable property in the possession of the government of India.
13. Federal public services.

Indian princes, rulers of their own states, and representatives of British India, all agree that all the above are matters of common concern. It is the policy of the conference, therefore, in plotting out the new federal authority, to consider them first.

Consideration of four other vital subjects has been deferred. These are: First, defence of India and all matters connected with the army and navy, including naval and military works and cantonments; second, external affairs, including the nationalization of aliens, and pilgrimages beyond India; third, relations with the states in India; and, fourth, political changes.

### Start Lengthy Flight

British Aviators Attempting Record Trip To Capetown

Croydon, England.—Miss Winifred Spooner, 32, and Flying Officer E. C. T. Edwards, started December 3, on a 10,300-mile air journey to Capetown in their blue and silver monoplane. They will attempt to break the nine-day flight record to the South African city.

The aviators intend to fly by day and by night, taking alternate turns at the controls.

Miss Spooner has been flying for three years. Early in 1930 she completed a flight from South Africa to Croydon.

She is a sister of Captain Tony Spooner, former Royal Air Force pilot and now flying instructor of the Montreal Light Aeroplane Club.

### Eckener To Testify

London, England.—The court of inquiry into the crash and destruction of the R-101 Peacock recently, has been resumed after an adjournment of several weeks with Dr. Hugo Eckener, master of the Grampian, present to give his expert testimony.

### Should Watch Chinese Markets

Vancouver, B.C.—Greater attention should be given to the market opportunities of Hong Kong and southern China if Canadian business men wish to capitalize those opportunities, said Paul Sykes, Canadian trade commissioner to Hong Kong.

### Had Outstanding Success

Saskatoon, Sask.—Outstanding success in the \$500,000 fox show was recorded by Dr. R. H. Macdonald, Saskatoon, who won three first and two seconds in the six classes he entered.

### Constitutes a Precedent

Australia First Dominion To Have Native-Born Governor-General

London, England.—A native-born Australian will succeed Lord Stonehaven, the present governor-general of Australia, in the person of Rt. Hon. Sir Isaac Isaacs, chief justice of the Commonwealth, according to announcement made.

Sir Isaac Isaacs will take up his duties when Lord Stonehaven's term expires at the beginning of the new year.

The announcement of his appointment, made by the Imperial Government, on behalf of His Majesty, constitutes a precedent in Empire annals. The new governor-general will be the first native-born citizen of his country to represent the King in any of the Dominions.

While Sir Isaac is in fact the first native-born governor-general of any of the older self-governing dominions, he is not the first in the Empire. Both the governor-general who have served in the Irish Free State since its inception have been of Irish citizenship. Timothy Healy (1922-1928), partner in inquiry by Sir Isaac and James McNeill, present governor-general, is a native of County Antrim.

### Flour Price Probe

Department Will Have Co-Operation Of Large Milling Companies

Ottawa, Ont.—Further inquiry into flour prices in Canada will be made by the Department of Labor, and in this inquiry the department has been offered the full co-operation of the great Canadian milling companies. Announcement of the continued investigation was made by Senator G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, at the conclusion of a two-hour conference with representatives of seven large Canadian milling companies of the Dominion.

"It is probable that a report summarizing the results of the labor department inquiry by registrar into bread prices will be completed in the not distant future," said Senator Robertson, and the offer to furnish all desired information, volunteered by the millers, will be accepted. The four inquiry will be pursued further as rapidly as possible, it being obvious that many factors enter into the matter which must be the subject of full inquiry and consideration before the department will be prepared to make a decision as to whether or not an inquiry by commissioner will be necessary in the public interest."

## HERMAN TRELLE AGAIN WINS THE WHEAT TITLE

Chicago.—Canada's fame as the finest wheat producing country in the world was again maintained when Herman Trelle, the modest agriculturist of Wembley, Alberta, in the northern Peace River district, was once again crowned "wheat king" at the Chicago International Hay and Grain Exposition.

Repeating his success of 1926 when he brought the Peace River area to a definite departmental decision can be considered as a premier agricultural producing district, Trelle, who four years ago won the title of world's oats king as well as the wheat crown, has again marked his victory with an exhibit of hard red spring grain.

It was a double victory for Canada, however, as George Avery, of Kelso, Sask., in the heart of the prairie grain growing belt, was declared the reserve champion. He exhibited sample of Durum, while, to the surprise of eminent grain authorities in attendance at the International, best out the championship hard red winter samples, the best in their class, of C. Edson Smith, a former "wheat king" of Corvallis, Montana.

The Canadians were recipients of congratulations from all parts of the continent, and especially from western Canada and the home provinces of the winners.

Trelle's championship was the sixth for Canada in the 12 years of the International show. The other six times it has gone to growers from Montana, the veteran C. Edson Smith being the only other grain man twice-crowned king of the wheat lands. It was also the first time that a soft Durum variety, as entered by Avery, had won a major award, the reserve championship.

Featured by perfect uniformity and balanced content, the exhibit of the newly crowned monarch of wheat weighed 67.5 pounds per bushel, a record weight. The reserve championship grain weighed 61.1 pounds to the bushel, and also was of perfect uniformity. Trelle considered that his winning sample the best he has ever exhibited.

## BRACKEN TALKS ON TROUBLES OF WHEAT GROWERS

Winnipeg, Man.—Over-production of wheat arising out of high prices during post-war years was blamed by Premier John Bracken for present troubles of prairie farmers. Mr. Bracken asserted before the delegates to the annual meeting of Union of Manitoba municipalities gathered at a banquet given in their honor by the Provincial Government.

"Who is to blame," Mr. Bracken asked, "for encouraging cultivation of 13,000,000 more acres since the war, and the production of seven times more wheat than we can consume?" The farmer should not be called to bear the burden. There are some who say that proposals to stabilize the price of wheat are unsound—but they are better than having to adopt the living conditions of the self-agriculturists of Russia."

Cause of present difficulties lay in high prices for wheat in the years following the war, bringing in their train nearly 40,000,000 added acres of wheat lands throughout the world and resultant depressed prices, the premier asserted. Only calm investigation of the causes of depression, adoption of new methods, efficiency in production, and trade arrangements with importing countries to insure markets could improve conditions, he believed.

Mr. Bracken recommended to delegates that they call on the Dominion Government to implement its promise to assume payment of old-age pensions by the Dominion, which he said, the province would further relieve the municipalities of the health levy.

### Wheat Quota System

Plan Is Favorably Received By Canadian Grain Exporters

Ottawa, Ont.—Proposals for a quota system in Great Britain for wheat grown in the Empire have apparently been favorably received by Canadian grain exporters. Commenting on the statement made in the British House of Commons by Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, secretary of state for the Dominions, that study was being given to such a scheme, Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, said that no unfavorable reaction had been evident in this country.

Proposals for quotas were considered by the committee on economic co-operation at the Imperial Conference, Mr. Stevens said. The committee had concluded that quota systems were feasible, but the minister laid emphasis on the fact that institution of quotas was a matter for legislation by the British government only.

"Another matter that should be made clear," Mr. Stevens said, "is that fixed prices would not be involved, but a quota would merely provide Canadian wheat a sheltered market in Britain."

Asked what protection of Canadian grain might be expected to be provided for under quota, the minister gave the opinion that 25 to 35 per cent. of Canada's exportable surplus would be involved. The operation of a quota would not be responsible for the storage of grain overseas, Mr. Stevens said.

### Eckener Gives Opinion

Zeppelin Expert Is Heard At Court Of Inquiry Into Dirigible Disaster

London, England.—Dr. Hugo Eckener drew upon his knowledge as the world-famous Zeppelin expert, to reconstruct the loss of the British dirigible R-101 for the court of inquiry investigating that disaster.

He said it was undoubtedly leakage in the gas containers which sent the ship into a dive against a hill in France, and it was probably a break in an electrical circuit which set the craft afire.

### Fair Dates Selected

Chicago, Ill.—Following is a partial list of Canadian fair dates selected at the meeting of the Showmen's League of America and the International Association of Fair and Exposition managers. Calgary Exhibition, Calgary, Alberta, July 6 to 11; Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, August 28, September 12; Edmonton Exhibition, Edmonton, Alberta, July 13 to 18.

### Big Sum For Defence

Washington, D.C.—The United States will spend \$600,000,000 for national defense in the next fiscal year, if Congress adheres to the budget estimates forwarded by President Hoover.

## Canada Will Come Through

ominion Has Weathered More Serious Depressions Than Present One

Today, many business men wonder if Canada has not suffered a major setback in its long term development as a result of the current depression. As they survey our very apparent problems in regard to wheat, newspaper, metal prices, etc., they are convinced that the difficulties this country faces are so complex as to be insoluble within any short period.

If many people seriously held to this view let it be urged upon them that they study Canada's history over the last hundred years. They will find that in the last hundred years, Canada has emerged without permanent scar upon its economic fabrics from 16 periods of depression in addition to the present one, and that, of these, at least seven were more serious than this one.

Canada gained responsible government in a period of depression. At the time Lord Durham made his report, Canada was in the midst of a serious crisis, and there were those who thought the colonies were doomed to divide to practically nothing.

Canada was born in a period of depression. It would be hard to conceive greater depths of despair than were reached in Canada just prior to the joining up of the provinces.

Again the Canadian Pacific Railway, the first great transcontinental railway of the country was constructed during a period of depression, and in 1882 the money to pay for the acre grant was not visible on the horizon.

The twentieth century, we are told belongs to Canada, and yet this century entered that century in a period of depressed business.

Through the generations, Canada has come through crisis more serious than the present recession in business. The difficulties of the moment do not represent any major setback in the forward sweep of Canadian prosperity.

## Creates Better Methods

Business Practice Has Shown Improvement Due To Competition

Competition and adversity have some remarkable effects in improving business practice. Interests, threatened by the increasing popularity of the radio, made great changes in their sound producing machines, until now a normal unit of sale is gramophone and radio combined.

Coal dealers have found their sales for domestic use reduced by the rapid spread of both oil and of central heating for houses. One of the chief reasons for the householders abandoning his old furnace for methods admittedly more costly was the dirt and dust of coal.

Now coal dealers offer dustless coal, secured by treating the coal with a powder which absorbs moisture and prevents dust from rising.

Perhaps in time they will even discover how to make ashes dustless. —Financial Post.

## Services Are Free

Because so many persons were unable to find addresses they were seeking in two suburbs on the outskirts of Tokyo, Byuji Hirooka, veteran postman, has volunteered his services as guide. He has printed cards announcing this fact and every day when his regular work is done goes to the station. One day he had 45 customers during three hours. His services are offered gratis.

## Live Fox Experts

The export of live foxes from Canada to Germany continues to increase in number. During 1929 a total of 692 animals, valued at \$259,552 were shipped from the Dominion, as compared with the previous year's exports of 375 animals valued at \$105,860.



She: "The Smiths have been married a month and have not quarrelled once."  
He: "Is it possible? Whose fault is it?"—Karikature, Oslo.

W. N. O. 1907

## Speeches Are Shorter

Radio Has Done Much To Curtail Elaborate Oratory

It has been remarked during the Imperial Conference in London, England, that the speeches were shorter even than they had been at the Conference of 1926. A general tendency of the current tendency is to pack its sentences close. The necessities of radio speaking have accustomed statesmen—even the most voluminous of orators—to covering the whole of their party's policy in half a dozen addresses of perhaps only fifteen or thirty minutes each.

What will be the effect of this shortening of speeches? Will the flowers of eloquence cease to grow if they are crowded into too small a space? Sir Arthur Quiller-Couch in a Cambridge lecture once examined a number of famous pieces of prose eloquence, and found that the dazzling burst of rhetoric, single phrases, came only after long preparation and slow, elaborate argument. Burke was notoriously leisurely in achieving his effects. The impressive and emotional first speech of Richard B. Sheridan in the impeachment of Warren Hastings, occupied about five hours in delivery.

The general practice of orators indicates that it is easier to reach the greatest heights of eloquence in a lengthy than in a short speech. But it is also happily true that eloquence, even of the most exalted kind, finds no fatal enemy in brevity. Only two examples need be quoted: The most famous speech of Ericivie, and that of Lincoln at Gettysburg; and neither took more than five minutes to deliver.—Christian Science Monitor.

## Pin Hopes To Parasites

Lying Parasites For The Control Of Insect Pests

There is an old saying, "It takes a thief to catch a thief." The Entomological branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture goes one better and "set a bug to catch a bug," to use a colloquialism. The results of recent work in the use of parasites for the control of such important crop and orchard pests as the wheat stem sawfly, the corn borer, the oriental peach moth and the larch sawfly are reported as being very promising indeed. Parasites have been introduced into Canada from several countries, and these have shown their effectiveness in attacking and eliminating the host pest; it only remains to determine whether or not the most useful of these can withstand the rigours of the Canadian winter; if they do, untold benefit to Canadian farmers will result.

## Why Eat Beef

National Fondness For Meat Based Upon Scientific Foundation

In a new book about to be published by the Beef Grading Service of the Federal Department of Agriculture the question, "why eat beef?" gets a practical answer: "a natural fondness for meat is based upon a sound scientific foundation, as beef not only contains the elements necessary for the proper growth and development of the human body, but it supplements to a great extent the value of many of the nutrients found in grains and vegetables. Beef is a very valuable source of protein, the tissue building element in food, heat and energy are supplied by the fat, and substantial quantities of mineral salts and vitamins are supplied in a form which is really assimilable."

## Know His Menu

The very newly married couple stopped for lunch at a little wayside hotel.

During the meal the manager was over-attentive, and the young husband began to grow weary.

"For about the tenth time in a quarter of an hour the manager came to my table."

"And what can I do for you now?" he asked.

"Some honeymoon salad," snapped the young husband.

"Honey-moon salad?" echoed the manager. "Whatever does that consist of?"

"Just lettuce alone," came the reply.

## Cattle Shipped To England

A shipment of two, three and four-year-old steers, numbering 200 head, left Calgary the other day for Manchester, England. The consignment, which was the second to leave the west during the past few weeks, was collected and shipped under the supervision of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

## Fewer Of A Poem

Elizabeth Barrett Browning's "Cry of the Children," one of the most potent poems in the English language, stopped child labor in Britain's mines almost instantly.

## Praise For Canadian Writer

Stellar Lewis Pays Tribute To Mosley Callaghan

Sound for soundbites to say "thank you" in Swedish for the Nobel prize, Stellar Lewis celebrated his brief call at Halifax by declaring that "there are no doubt several stellar writers," saying a tribute to the work of Mosley Callaghan, Canadian writer, and leaving \$35 in the hands of a reporter to assist a Norwegian laborer, all in Halifax, to reach his home.

"I am surprised that Canadians have not made more of Mosley Callaghan," said the tall red-haired creator of Main Street, Rabbit and Gantry. "He is a coming man, and he has published a number of things which should have attracted attention, particularly in his own country."

Asked if Elmer Gantry was a purely fictitious character or if he had ever known a sluggish who might have furnished the principal character for the book, Lewis replied: "No doubt there are several."

The letter which drew the \$35 and a request for investigation from Mr. Lewis was brought aboard the liner "Drottningholm." It was one of many received by the author since the announcement of the award, and told him the only chance for the writer lay depended on Norwegian mountain air. The writer could work his way across, but required \$24 "for the wife, it is a freight boat."

## Government Grades On Poultry

Canadian Standards For Dressed Poultry Set Out In Detail

The "government grades" as the "Canadian Standards for Dressed Poultry" are popularly known, comprise two classes, "Milked" and "Selected," with three grades in the class "Milked" and five in the class "Selected." These are: Milked "B," in the Milked class, and "Selected Special," "A," "B," "C," and "D."

The other Federal regulations define the class "Milked" in the following terms: "all poultry to qualify for the class Milked must show a white colour in the deposits of fat. The skin and flesh must be soft in texture, showing evidence of the birds having been crate-fatted or pen-fatted for a sufficient length of time to soften or kill out the muscles." The definition for the class "Selected" is: "This class shall include all poultry that do not show white colour in the deposits of fat, and in which the skin and fleshing does not show evidence of unfitness."

## Pilots Compose Orchestra

Believed to be the only orchestra of its kind in the world, Tom Truesdale and his Mustang Aviators, who broadcast from the Aviation Grill in New York daily, except Sunday, is composed entirely of licensed aeroplane pilots. The 11 members are real musicians and use their talents to pay their tuition through flying school.

The London Zoo has acquired a King Cobra 16 feet in length, which is able to raise its head and neck eight feet vertically from the ground.

## PLACING WREATHS ON TOMBS



Photograph above shows King George placing a wreath upon tomb of Unknown Soldier at cenotaph in London, England, upon the twelfth anniversary of Armistice Day.

## Removes Personal Interest

Not Suitable To Have Farms Too Highly Subsidized

The Toronto Mail and Empire says: The people of Ontario, surrounded by small farms, and familiar with their advantages, learned with dismay of the so-called "mechanization" of the prairie farms in the west. It was predicted that this use of mechanical appliances would lead to an increase in the size of farms, a decrease in the number of farm laborers and a disastrous disturbance of the present balance between town and country. But a different view is taken in an article contributed to the Manitoba Free Press by Mr. C. M. Hamilton, a member of the board of grain commissioners of Canada, formerly minister of agriculture for Saskatchewan, and a farmer of great experience.

Putting aside local and sentimental considerations, Mr. Hamilton recognizes that the question will be solved on a cold economic basis. Can large farms be operated more economically than small ones? and his answer is:

"I am disposed to think that there will be a tendency to increase some of the size of the farms on the open prairies of western Canada. When a unit has been created which will employ the services of the most modern machinery, say, a 16-30 tractor, or 28-hp drill, a combine, if you will, and other agricultural machinery of the same class, then I can see no economy, in most cases, in multiplying the number of such outfits. To do so would remove the personal interest of a great many engaged in agriculture. I think we all realize the importance of a farmer having a personal interest in the cultivation of his land, the breeding and care of his live stock and, generally, the building of a farm home."

"I cannot conceive of large mechanized farms stocked with bees, poultry, cattle, hogs and other lines of live stock."

Mr. Hamilton points out that western Canada has hitherto depended too much on one crop, grain, and that wheat can be most cheaply grown where the farmer is deriving his living from side lines in mixed agriculture, and he suggests that the provincial governments and colleges of agriculture should do more to determine the most economic unit in farm management.

## Wasted Too Much Time

New York Storekeeper Found Discussing Business Conditions Was Unprofitable

There is a storekeeper in the midtown district of New York, who has put up the following sign behind his counter: "Don't ask me how my business is for I am too busy doing it to discuss it during business hours. Mind your own business."

He explains that so many of the storekeepers in his neighborhood as well as clients kept asking, "How is business?" and gossiped about their own good or bad business that he figured the lost time for all concerned could be more profitably employed, hence the sign.

Waitress—"Oh, I'm sorry I spilled water all over you."

Patron—"That's perfectly all right. The suit was too large, anyway."

## For Measuring Hay

Quartermaster's Rule Is Most Accurate Method Known

The quartermaster's rule for measuring hay is the most accurate of the many now used, and is recommended by the Colorado Agricultural College and the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

The rule is 96 per cent. accurate on the average while other rules commonly used are only 74 to 83 per cent. correct, according to actual weights of hay in a large number of stacks.

Investigations which led to the recommendation of the quartermaster's rule were conducted by several state experiment stations and the department of agriculture. These investigations are being continued, and a still more accurate rule for measuring hay may be formulated as a result of this research work.

The quartermaster's rule is as follows: Add the width of the stack and its "over," divide the sum by 4, and multiply this result by itself. The resulting product multiplied by the length of the stack will give its volume in cubic feet.

The investigations on the number of cubic feet of hay required for a ton under various conditions has been tabulated. Many agencies which buy or sell stacked hay in quantity have obtained approximate figures by allowing 552 cubic feet to represent a ton of timothy or alfalfa which has been in the stack from 30 to 90 days, and allowing 422 cubic feet when the hay has been in the stack over 90 days. For prairie or other fine grass hay, 422 cubic feet represent a ton when the hay has been stacked from 80 to 90 days, and 348 cubic feet when it has been stacked over 90 days.

## Patience In Business

Storekeeper Asks To Exercise Patience During Day's Work

Three boys entered a village confectionery store. The rather gruff proprietor said to the first boy: "What do you want, my boy?"

"A dime's worth of marbles, please."

The man climbed a ladder, brought down the jar that contained the marbles, made up the packet and returned the jar to the shelf. Then he asked the second boy what he wanted.

"A dime's worth of marbles, please," was the answer.

"Why didn't you say so before?" said the man, as he went for the ladder again. "Do you want a dime's worth of marbles, too?" he demanded of the third boy.

"No," replied the third boy. The man climbed to the shelf again, brought down the jar, made up the packet, restored the jar to the shelf, and once more put the ladder away.

"Well, my boy, what do you want?" he demanded of the third boy.

"A nickel's worth of marbles," came the answer.

## Adage May Be Reversed

"Early To Bed" Is Not Necessary

Poor Richard's adage "Early to bed and early to rise" rhymes nicely, but it isn't necessarily sound advice, according to the conclusions of doctors attending the annual convention of the American Public Health Association.

A man may keep any hours he likes, so long as he gets a full eight hours of sleep out of every twenty-four, the physicians believe.

"Most folks require eight hours of sleep every night, but if they turn in late one night, there's no reason why they should turn out early the next morning," said Dr. F. W. Covington, of Salt Lake City.

"I refuse to go to bed as long as there's any entertainment around," he said, "but I won't stay up unless I can sleep long enough the next morning to get in eight hours. So a person gets all the sleep he needs. I don't see where the time he goes to bed or rises makes a bit of difference."

## Love's Labor Lost

"For ten years, ten long years," cried the writer, "I have been writing this drama, changing a word here, and a line there, working on it until my fingers were cramped and aching, my brain and my body weary from the toll."

"Too bad, too bad," the producer murmured. "All work and—no play."

## Betting Shows Decline

The decline of over seven millions of dollars in race-track betting in Canada this year reflects directly the general trend of conditions. Betting during the racing season of 1929 amounted to a total of \$38,507,146, 17 per cent. or \$7,575,000 less than in 1928.

## Mother Country Is Still Head

Dominions Will Turn To Britain For Guidance On Economic Matters

Sten. F. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, declares that Great Britain is no longer the predominant partner in the British Commonwealth, but only a Dominion, the co-equal of other component parts of the Empire. While this may be true in a strictly constitutional sense, we do not believe that it is true in a sentimental sense. The overseas portion of the Empire will continue to look to the Mother Country for direction in many things.

The Dominions may be mistresses in their own homes, but when it comes to matters affecting the Empire as a whole, the question of foreign policy, they will naturally turn to Britain for guidance. In every corporate body there is some leading spirit, and in the great British corporation the one best fitted by tradition and experience to take this part is the "right little Isle," which for many centuries has kept the Union Jack floating triumphant in bottle and in breeze.

And another thing, Britain must be accorded a commanding position in the Empire because she bears the greater part of the crushing burden of Imperial defence. It is very nice to see something of the Empire, but to talk about the co-equality of the Empire with Britain as one of the Dominions, but until the other Dominions bear a greater proportion of the cost of the Empire it would be unfair to regard the Mother Land as having no more say than the rest of the commonwealth.

Loyal citizens of the Dominions may rejoice in the full measure of status which has been granted them, and while they may jealously guard their independence in domestic matters, they will nevertheless continue to regard Britain as their mentor in Imperial and world matters. Should foes threaten the Empire it will be to London that they will instinctively look for light, leading and protection.—The kind that puts the fear of God into the hearts of those who would make sport of the British lion or of its whelps. The Empire has been looting too long and too successfully in that direction to turn elsewhere when a leader is needed.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Sweet Clover

This Crop Shows Big Increase In Manitoba During Recent Years

In its report upon minor field crops in the province, the Manitoba Department of Agriculture, says: Sweet clover has become the most spectacular increase in acreage during the years of any minor field crops. The growth has been from 94,241 acres in 1924 to 228,400 acres in 1929. Other estimated acreages are: Fodder corn, 14,000; Sunflowers, 8,133; Peas, 1,288; Buckwheat, 2,934; Mixed grains, 14,500; Potatoes, 37,700; Mangolds, 908; Sugar beets, 50; Turnips, 1,631; Other roots, 1,350; Clover other than sweet clover, 8,500; Timothy, 82,900; Bromes grass, 103,200; Rye grass, 9,300; and Alfalfa, 12,200.

## Strange But True

And, after all, it is much more difficult to prepare a good short sermon or a good editorial than an indifferent long sermon or an indifferent long editorial. Contradictory as the statement may seem, brevity takes time. We recall the literary genius who concluded a rambling letter to a friend with the remark, "If I had more leisure I would not have written at such great length."

## Just Hearsay

The witness was certainly no chicken, and the young barrister thought it would be to his advantage to get her rattled.

"And now, madam," he said, "I must ask you a personal question. How old are you?"

"Young man," she replied, "it is not more than an hour since the judge, there, objected to hearsay evidence. And I don't remember being born; all I know of it is hearsay."



Lady: "Can I be certain that the sun treatment here is first-class?"  
Attendant: "Yes, only yesterday a lady died had sun-stroke."—Karikature, Oslo.



**It's like a**  
**Flash**  
**on Coughs & Colds**  
A speedy, safe, proven remedy  
for children and adults.  
**BUCKLEY'S**  
Also Like a Cold - A Sweet Success

## THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

BY  
CHRISTINE WHITING  
PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

### CHAPTER VII.—Continued.

"You shouldn't think that way," he went on after a thoughtful moment. "There's nothing in the least crude about you; but sometimes, dear, you're not so—so friendly with folks as I am. Perhaps you're bashful, but I've sometimes thought you'd be misunderstood by strangers. Tonight, you know—really you weren't especially cordial, Gay."

"Was I—impolite?"  
Her voice trembled, and Nick said quickly: "Lord, no! But I couldn't help wishing you'd act more—well the way you act with me."

A queer little smile crossed Gay's face.  
"The lady might be surprised, Nick, if I held her hand, or anything like that."

She expected a laugh, but he seemed not to have heard. He sat quiet still, watching the shadows on the street light across the way. An automobile passed by, going too rapidly, but he took no notice. Two lovers strolled along the sidewalk, trusting the night to hide their encircling arms, and, un-Nick-like, Nick made no comment. He seemed suddenly far away, and Gay moved close again to rest her cheek against his arm.

"It's a ripping night," said Nick. He drew a deep breath—almost a sigh. "I'd like to start right now and walk till sunrise."

Gay's cheek pressed closer.  
"I—sometimes feel that way, too, Nick; and then I wonder if ever we'll do much things again. I can't, of course; but there's no reason in the world why you shouldn't, you dear vagabond."

Nick smiled.  
"The kids are a pretty substantial reason, seems to me, not to mention the bank! A fine day's work I'd do tomorrow if I tramped all night." He arose reluctantly. "Come, dear, we must go up to bed. You're tired. What was it told us that two babies were no more work than one?"

Whoever it was—she was a cheerful liar. "Hark!" He sat down suddenly and laid a detaining hand upon her arm. "There's Mrs. Halliday on the piano. She sings like a bird. Let's listen."

It was next day that Mary Maxwell made her call. She gave her report that evening, when she and John sat contentedly rocking on their comfortable screened porch.

"It was hot as summer at four o'clock, Johnny," she began, "so I wore my lilac voile, and carried a sunshade. The fluffy one Tom sent me for Judy's graduation. I looked real 'dippy,' as Tom, Jr. would say, and up-to-date. I feel sure there was nothing in my appearance for Mrs. Halliday to criticize."

"I'd like to see her try!"  
"John's tone was belligerent; and Mary laughed.  
"I got my first shock when the door was opened," she continued. "Who do you suppose opened it?"

"St. Peter!" suggested her husband hopefully; but Mary was much too interested in her subject to notice this frivolous rejoinder.

"Julie Nippa! She's there permamently, and Mrs. Halliday got her all rigged up in a cap and apron. I should have thought she'd roast."

"If you refer to Julie, and she wore only a cap and apron," began the latter, when his wife cut in: "John

Maxwell, don't try to be funny, or interrupt. It was the black dress, I meant—mohair, my dear—the long-sleeved—with cuffs, and the thermometer at eighty! I like a well-dressed maid as much as anyone, but I've never yet forgotten that they're flesh and blood like the rest of us; and black, in summer, and long sleeves—"

"She's only May, my dear."  
"Well, May is a Bakersville girl. August anywhere else. Might be I wanted to scream because Julie looked so funny. She's bobbed her hair, and—"

"Jeshaphat!" exclaimed John Maxwell. "She must look—"

"She does. I told you I wanted to scream. But I didn't. I said, with really remarkable self-control: 'Good-afternoon, Julie: Is your mistress at home?'"

"You mean Miss Halliday?" asked Julie. "I heard her say last night that she did hope no more stupid Bakersvilles would call; but there ain't nothin' stupid about you, Miss Maxwell, so I guess she'll say."

"Oh, Lordy!" chuckled John Maxwell, rocking with mirth. "Oh, Lordy! if that isn't Julie to the life! Well, my dear, were you eligible?"

"Evidently so," Julie left me at the door, but I went into the living-room myself, to save the girl a scolding in case Mrs. Halliday saw fit to receive me. Oh, Johnny! you should see that room! Whatever else the woman is, she knows how to arrange a house. White paint—soft grey walls—a few fine water-colors to brighten things—comfortable chairs—a beautiful piano at the north end—soft-shaded lamps—"

"Look here," interrupted John Maxwell suddenly, "are you making an inventory for the insurance man?"

"I could," answered his wife decidedly. "If it weren't for the fact that I had plenty of time I waited twenty minutes. The draperies—"

"Cut out the draperies, my dear, and come to the woman. It's she who interests me."

"Well, my dear John, most men would have found her interesting. She wore a blue Japanese silk that matched her eyes so perfectly that you could see nothing else. Her hair—"

"In these days of bobs we were really so beautiful. She knew she was a maid to do it for her, she has my sympathy! Yet it looked simple. Any man would have called it simple—except her husband. She wore—silver slippers. In these growing times—"

"Bakersville! Her stockings—"

"I understood," said John Maxwell with a touch of good-natured sarcasm. "That you saw nothing but her eyes. What did she say?"

"She said a very pretty apology for keeping me waiting. It seems that after lunch she 'relaxes' until four-thirty. How does one relax, John? I doubt if I've ever done it, but it sounds delightful. I wonder if she made Julie relax too! I admired the house, and she seemed gratified. It was the garden, however, that brought them to Bakersville. She shows gardens to growing things."

"With the exception of children, I gathered later. Nature is rather a hobby with her—a pose, if I'm not mistaken; though her eyes (childlike and bland indeed) half describe them, Johnny," he said with judgment.

"She offered to show me the garden. When I assented she touched a bell and Julie appeared. Poor Julie! She cast an apologetic glance at me, John, and bobbed a very tiny wiggle at Julie Nippa, who'd gone out by the door to everyone in Bakersville for the last ten years, bobbing a curtsy. It must be some new idea. And Mrs. Halliday said: 'Julie, we'll have tea in the pergola,' and Julie bobbed again and scuttled out of the room."

"Taking her bobbed hair with her, I suppose," supplemented John Maxwell. "Go on."

"I'd go on faster if you didn't make such ridiculous additions to my story. We went outside, through a beautiful new French door, Johnny, and just as we reached the pergola Mrs. Halliday came out of the garage. He saw me too late to dodge, which was his evident desire, so she had to present him."

"Do you know, John Maxwell, for a moment I felt sorry for that woman, tied to such a tombstone of a man; but when I left, the shoe was on the other foot. I was sorry for him."

"Now we're getting at the facts," John Maxwell drew a satisfied breath and his wife smiled.

"We're getting at them all the time," she said pityingly, "only you're too dense to see it. Don't you know that a woman's house is her temple—that nothing in it is too trivial to have some meaning? That living-room now—for all its dainty touches—it's a room a man would adore: big chairs, you know, and lights just right for reading and—"

"A man's name don't return to that living-room," exclaimed John Maxwell. "Get back to the pergola, and what made you sorry for Mr. Halliday?"

"Well, I can hardly explain it; but once he was introduced she almost ignored him! Though in justice to her I'll admit that he didn't seem to care, and he kept looking at her in a perfectly maddening way, as much as to say, 'What new pose is this, I should like to know.' He did start to leave us once, but just then Julie appeared with a tea wagon—"

"Did she ask Julie to pour tea?" queried John Maxwell innocently.  
"His wife threw him a withering glance; then she shook with mirth. 'It was a joke on me, John, but for just a second I thought it was a baby carriage! I haven't thought they had children, but—'"

"They haven't. Nick, tell me that children would interfere with their careers."

(To Be Continued.)

## DON'T SUFFER WITH DANGEROUS INDIGESTION

Do you suffer after meals with a belching from sour and acid stomach? Many believe they have heart trouble and tremble with fear, expecting any minute to drop dead. This condition can be prevented, likewise relieved.

Take Carter's Little Liver Pills after meals and neutralize the gases. Sweeten the sour and acid stomach, correct the gas and encourage digestion. The stomach, liver and bowels will be cleansed of poison, painful and dangerous indigestion disappears and the system enjoys a tonic effect. Don't delay. Ask your druggist for a 25c box of Carter's Little Liver Pills.

and what made you sorry for Mr. Halliday?"

"Well, I can hardly explain it; but once he was introduced she almost ignored him! Though in justice to her I'll admit that he didn't seem to care, and he kept looking at her in a perfectly maddening way, as much as to say, 'What new pose is this, I should like to know.' He did start to leave us once, but just then Julie appeared with a tea wagon—"

"Did she ask Julie to pour tea?" queried John Maxwell innocently.  
"His wife threw him a withering glance; then she shook with mirth. 'It was a joke on me, John, but for just a second I thought it was a baby carriage! I haven't thought they had children, but—'"

"They haven't. Nick, tell me that children would interfere with their careers."

(To Be Continued.)

## Exploring With Motor Car

Detour Is Sometimes Advised When Strange Roads Beckon

The motorcar hums merrily along a new cement road. There are no ruts, no roughness, no bumps, no potholes. It is almost the sensation of flight. On each side garish solicitations invite you to buy things varied and sundry. Small roadside merchants urge you to tarry.

Of a sudden, on rounding a long curve, there comes into view a little road that noses into the great cement thoroughfare like a nondescript little dog into pedigreed kennel.

A stone wall straggles along its sides and trees form a canopy over its roughened tread. Something whispers and you give the wheel a sudden turn. The car bumps along at a more sedate pace. The road turns and twists up a hill, down a valley beside a chuckling brook.

Around a sharp bend appears a weather-beaten log house, topped by a great square chimney and abowed by a great rambling barn whose doors yawn rakishly on worn hinges. Chickens scurry out of your way and cows look solemnly on from the barn.

You catch the twinkling of tanned legs as a barefooted boy runs out goggle-eyed to see you pass. The appearance of an automobile is something of an event on this road.

Like old days. You smile. A woman comes from the back seat. "John, where in the world are you going?" "You don't know, but you don't say so."

A branch road beckons from the first. A mile farther along there is another. You make turns willy nilly. No signs. Where will you end up?

Miles pile up; also dust on the glossy surface of the car. The back seat grows increasingly articulate. But it is your party. You are having a glorious time.

You coast down a long tortuous hill till a warning bell jams your foot on the brake. Lines of cars flash by like an old-time motion picture and a little sandy gully rejoin the procession and roll along smoothly with silence at the rear, a smile on your face and memories in your heart. You have been an explorer for an hour.

Tracing Migratory Birds

Much valuable information concerning Canada's birds is being secured through the co-operation of the National Parks of Canada, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, with the United States Biological Survey. Year in, year out, migrations of birds are traced and recorded by means of placing dated bands on the legs of the birds. Nearly all the field work in connection with this is done by voluntary co-operators.

Those Good Old Days

Bringing up children has certainly become more complex with the onward march of civilization and it wasn't so many years ago that practically the only worry a mother had was to keep the children away from the horses' heels.

Well, England, with a population of 360,000, is just substituting electricity for gas for street lighting.

## Death Of Capt. Sverdrup

Famous Norwegian Arctic Explorer Dies At His Home, In Norway

Canada had a very particular interest in Captain Otto Sverdrup, the famous Norwegian explorer who died at Oslo, Norway. It was quite regretted that the Dominion Government announced the payment of \$67,000 to Captain Sverdrup in recognition of services which he performed in the field of scientific research. As the activities were largely in the northern islands of the Canadian archipelago, it was recognized that his discoveries and studies had been of peculiar benefit to Canada. The sum was also paid the Norwegian explorer as a consideration for the delivery to the Dominion of all original maps, records, diaries and other materials in his possession.

On behalf of the government of Canada, Sir George Perley, acting prime minister, has called to the British minister at Oslo, Norway, asking that he convey to the Norwegian government Canada's regret in the death of Commander Sverdrup. In his cable, Sir George refers to Commander Sverdrup's "splendid services to Arctic exploration," which, he says, have long been recognized in Canada.

## Varieties Are Numerous

Japanese Glad To Secure Chrysanthemums Grown in Canada

The flower of gold, or the golden flower, for this is the literal meaning of the word chrysanthemum, have been a term appropriate enough when it was first cultivated in Japan. Now its application is dubious. Horticulturists, and particularly those in the west, have developed so many shades and varieties that they almost range across the spectrum. When the chrysanthemum was first introduced into Canada we do not know, but it is less than 200 years since the first blooms of this plant were admired as a curiosity in Vienna, London, England. Probably the chrysanthemum came to Canada about the time that it reached the United States, in 1861, then in the throes of the civil war. But since that date the varieties developed on this continent have been so diverse and so numerous that the Japanese have been delighted to secure them. We have become so accustomed to chrysanthemums that it is not easy to realize that the first show among the English-speaking people was staged in Norwich only 101 years ago.

## Contrary To Drugs Act

Oysters Contain More Arsenic Than Can Be Sold In Foodstuffs

No poison has taken a greater hold upon public attention than arsenic, yet few realize that this most deadly enemy is also one of the vital necessities of life. Many marine animals contain quite appreciable quantities of arsenic and some surprising facts bearing on this fact have lately come to light. Dr. Orton, at the Marine Biological Laboratory at Plymouth, has ascertained that oysters contain more arsenic than is allowed to be sold in foodstuffs, and that various other molluscs and crustaceans similarly contravene the Food and Drugs Act.

## Wisdom Of St. Swithin

Idea Of Helping Poor People Could Be Used Today

Among the achievements of St. Swithin was the creation of a kind of poor law to meet the needs of his time. This was an ordinance that every ten families should be responsible for keeping one poor person. There can be little doubt that each "union" of ten families saw to it that work was found as quickly as possible for their ward, and that he was taken off this eighth century dole at the earliest possible moment. Public opinion in every village in those days was less diluted with tenderness for the wretchedly ill than it is today.

Perian Balm promotes cleanliness, charm and beauty. Magical in its effect on the skin. There is nothing like it for creating and preserving a lovely complexion. Cooling, soothing, it soothes away all roughness caused by weather conditions. Delicately fragrant, it enhances the most beautiful appearance. Makes the skin rose-red in texture. Truly a priceless toilet requisite for every discerning woman.

Will Use Western Coal

Contract has been awarded by the Manitoba Government for 29,500 tons of coal, costing \$152,625. Hon. W. R. Clubb, Minister of Public Works has announced. Only Western Canadian coal will be used, he said.

Miner's Liniment aids Sore Feet.

"It certainly grows on one, doesn't it?" "What's that?" "A charge account."

## Mask-Oxen In Northern Canada

Between Nine and Ten Thousand Are Used in the North

Between the northern islands and mainland of Canada, according to the estimate of W. H. B. Hoare, of the Department of the Interior, whose report of his examination of the Thelon game sanctuary east of Great Slave Lake has just been issued by the Northwest Territories and Yukon Branch. Mr. Hoare spent two years in the north, 1928 and 1929.

Canada and Greenland are the only countries in the world where at present the mask-ox is to be found in its natural state. It equals in size one of the small breeds of Welsh and Scotch cattle and in appearance resembles a small buffalo.

There are 250 of the animals in the Thelon sanctuary, while Mr. Hoare believes the greatest herd is on Melville Island where 4,000 herd roam today. He estimates about 1,000 mask-oxen in North and East Greenland.

R. M. Anderson, chief of the biological division of the National Museum in an appendix to the report, gives a higher estimate, stating Canadian herds total 12,900 animals and Greenland 1,500.

## Road Gravelled To Park

Highway From Prince Albert To National Park Is Now Completed

The highway from Prince Albert to the Prince Albert National Park is now all gravelled, all weather road, while the graveling from Saskatoon to Prince Albert is rapidly approaching completion. This was the statement made at the quarterly meeting of the Prince Albert Board of Trade, when great satisfaction was expressed at the completion of the work, which, it is anticipated, will be of great value to this city.

P. W. Mahon, chairman of the transportation committee, commented at length on the benefits accruing to Prince Albert through the highway, and stated that while it was an expensive undertaking yet he believed it was a forward step.

Satisfaction at the possibility of developing a power unit at the Big Bend on the Saskatchewan River was also expressed. Hydro power from this source within the next few years in quantities sufficient to supply the province was visualized.

Nation-Wide Famine. — There is scarcely a corner of this great Dominion where the merits of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil have not been tried and proved. It's one of the world's most effective remedies for sore throat, lame back and many ailments resulting from inflammation. Rubbed on the skin its healing powers are readily absorbed, and it can also be taken internally.

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

### DATE BARS

1 cup stoned dates.  
1 cup nut meats.  
1 cup powdered sugar.  
2 eggs.  
tablespoon melted butter.  
2 tablespoons lemon juice.  
4 tablespoons flour.  
½ teaspoon salt.

Put dates and nuts through food chopper. Add sugar and beaten eggs, mix well. Add melted butter, lemon juice, flour and salt and mix thoroughly. Spread evenly in a greased shallow pan, having mixture one-fourth inch deep. Bake in a moderate oven, 225 degrees Fahrenheit, about 30 minutes. Cut in strips and roll in powdered sugar while hot.

### CRANBERRY DESSERT

1 junket tablet.  
1 tablespoon cold water.  
1 cup cranberry jelly or marmalade.  
1 pint milk.  
3 tablespoons sugar.  
½ teaspoon vanilla.

Prepare the junket according to directions on package. Pour at once into individual dessert glasses and let stand undisturbed in a warm room until firm—about 10 minutes. Then chill. When ready to serve add cranberry jelly or marmalade to each glass. Add a dollop of sweetened whipped cream may be put over the cranberries if desired.

### Is Still Healthy

It was 40 years ago that the last spike was driven in connection with the construction of the C.P.R. Since then an enterprise which it was predicted would not pay for the grease on the wheels has done very well what you.

A Canadian scientist has found a way of making silk fiber from carbon dioxide and water.

### Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

Minard's Liniment for All Pains

## Flaky Pie Crust

The secret of making good pie crust is: "Use Purdy Flour—and keep the dough dry." Try this recipe for 2 shells:

1 cup Purdy Flour 1 cup lard  
1/2 cup cold water  
KNEAD: Mix the flour and salt, adding the water until the mixture is stiff. Spread balance of water but not a drop more. The less water, the crisper the crust will be.

Roll out on board very lightly greased with Purdy Flour. Roll about 1/4 inch thick. Spread balance of water but not a drop more. The less water, the crisper the crust will be. Bake in hot oven (400°).

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary.

## PURDY FLOUR

## Little Helps For This Week

"He which soweth sparingly shall reap also sparingly; and he which soweth bountifully shall reap also bountifully."—2 Corinthians ix: 6.

All life is seed sown in Time's yawning furrow.  
Which with slow sprout and shoot, In the revolving world's unfathomed mow  
Will blossom and bear fruit.

—Matthews Blind.  
When I sow my good treasure broadcast as Christ did, when I give myself with what I am giving,—then, as the earth never fails of her harvest, but in the old world or the new, surely bring us our daily bread, so the soul can never fail of her divine return. Here or yonder, in the full time comes the full blessing; the flower flashing out glory, the fields laughing with plenty.

—Robert Collyer.

## Norway Secures Island

Claim To Island Off Greenland Coast Is Recognized By Great Britain

It is officially announced that Great Britain has recognized the Norwegian claim to the island of Jan Mayen, a desolate land lying between Greenland and North Norway in the Arctic sea. Norway's claim to sovereignty was put forward in a royal decree dated last May 8.

In general it is accepted that the island was discovered by Henry Hudson, British navigator, in 1607.

The island is 34 miles long and nine miles wide at its greatest breadth.

A safe and sure medicine for a child troubled with worms is Mother Graves' Worm Expeller.

## A New Type Of Gilder

A gilder that appears to be made of seven giant link sausages is being constructed at Washington. In place of conventional framework there are large rubber tubes, made rigid by inflation with air. Three tubes make up the body of each side of the single wing while another sticks behind to support the tail surfaces. The craft was designed by Taylor, McDaniel, and will weigh 125 pounds.

## Daughter Is Stronger Now

"My daughter Catherine is fifteen years old. She was very irregular, often sick at her stomach and had to stay in bed two or three days at a time. One of your booklets was sent to us by mail so I got her a bottle of Vegetable Compound. Catherine has been taking it regularly and she is gaining in weight and every way. I told the neighbors and four other girls are taking it with good results."—Mrs. Clarence Jamieson, Box 14, Thorpe, Ontario.

## Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

## Prevent Dandruff

and promote the growth of your hair by rubbing the scalp with Minard's four times a week.

## MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

**The Church of Ascension**  
CROSSFIELD  
Sunday, December 7th.  
Bible Sunday  
Evansong. Address—"The Bible"  
A. D. CURRIE, Priest-in-charge.

**LEYDEN & BRUCE**  
Funeral Directors  
Private Ambulance in Connection  
Phone M 9101  
1707 Second Street West Calgary  
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

**DENTIST**  
Dr HARVEY D. DUNCAN,  
218a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace  
Theatre, Calgary.

**Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN**  
of the firm of Millican & Millican, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will be at Tredaway & Springsteins' office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.  
MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

**Council Meetings**  
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.  
By Order of the Village Council.  
W. McCrory, Sec.-Treas.

**DENTIST**  
Dr J. Milton Warren  
Will be in Crossfield on Saturday of each week at the Oliver Hotel  
Also at Carstairs every Monday

**Walter Major**  
Contractor and Builder  
Estimates Given Plans Prepared  
Alterations a Specialty.  
Box 84 Crossfield

All Kinds of  
**TINSMITHING WORK**  
Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently Done.  
Repair Work will receive immediate attention.  
Is Your Furnace Ready for Winter?

**J. L. McKrory**  
Crossfield Alberta

### Classified Advertisements

**FOR SALE**—Ford Coach 1926 model in good running order, a bargain at \$55.00, license included. Apply to  
Chronicle Office

**FOR RENT**—5-roomed house, good well and barn. Apply to  
Mrs. A. Christanson

**WANTED**—A good Duroc or Tamworth boar. Apply to  
T. M. M. GOLDIE, Phone 41

**SACRIFICE PRICE**—For quick sale, closed-in Chevrolet Auto at real buy \$125.00  
Crossfield Chronicle

**WANTED**  
BOARDERS AND ROOMERS  
Apply to  
MRS. M. CLAY

**For Rent**  
Large unfurnished room. Apply to  
Chronicle Office

**CALVES WANTED**  
Apply to THOS. FITZGERALD  
Phone R315, Crossfield

**FOR SALE**—Poland China Boar. This an imported boar and a good one  
FRANK RUDDY  
Phone R205

**Sid Jones**  
HARNESS MAKER  
Shoes and Harness Repaired  
FOR CASH  
Trea Building Crossfield

**Marcelling Sewing**  
All kinds of Alterations and re-lining coats. Dry Cleaning  
Mrs. G. Gazeley

**The Crossfield Chronicle**  
ESTABLISHED 1907  
Published at Crossfield, Alberta  
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor  
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year  
U.S.A. Points \$2.00  
Local advertising  
Monthly Contract 25c. per inch.  
All advertisement changes of copy must be in hands of printers by noon on Tuesday or no change made or advertisements cancelled.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 11th.

**Local and General**  
Inspector Liggett was in town during this week the local school Mrs. Seville spent Saturday in Calgary.

You save 24 hours by using the air mail to Winnipeg and costs only 5 cents.

Take the kiddies to Lunt's Store on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 13th, and have them meet Santa Claus.

No delivery of mail in Calgary on Christmas Day; so please mail early and often.

Rev. H. Young was at Airdrie on Wednesday, giving an address to young people in the United Church.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Reeves attended the show "Marigold" at the Grand Theatre in Calgary last Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayes and son of Okotoks were in town on Sunday last the guests of Mrs. Hayes parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Mossop

Mr. and Mrs. A. Cruickshank, and Florence, Mrs. J. M. Williams and Grace were visitors in Calgary on Tuesday afternoon.

Jim Belshaw has purchased a New Junior Spartan radio from the local dealer Walter Gibson. Jim's only trouble now is that he don't get to bed when he should.

Mrs. Archer and daughter Constance are leaving tonight (Thursday) for the Old Country, where they intend to make their future home.

The annual meeting of the Floral U.F.W.A. was held at the home of Mrs. Seville on Wednesday. Full report will appear in next week's issue of the Chronicle.

The Agricultural Society are holding a Hard Times Dance in the U. F. A. hall on New Years' Eve. Peppy music and special features. Dance the old year out.

At the meeting of the Tuxis Group of boys on Monday evening, the special feature was an address by Frank Mair on "Unemployment, its causes and results."

The Tany-Bryn 500 Club met in the school house on Wednesday night and a most enjoyable time was had. Prizes were won by Mrs. E. M. Pratt and Mr. E. Hehr; Mrs. H. McCool and M. J. Ott getting the booby prizes.

Consumers of power and light from the Calgary Power Co. are entitled to four per cent interest per annum on their electric light and power deposits, according to the franchise entered into between the Power Co. and the Village Council.

The Bridge Club met at the home of Mrs. J. Reeves on Tuesday night with Mrs. W. Major as hostess. First prize was won by Mrs. Seville; second prize by Mrs. Reeves. The usual dainty lunch was served.

Mrs. Orval Bills sold 53 dressed turkeys in Calgary and received in return \$51.00. Imagine that for as nice a lunch of turkeys as you ever saw. It seems that they have seventeen grades when they buy them and three grades; and in a good many cases only one grade, when you buy 'em.

Happy MacMillan entertained a number of his friends to a turkey dinner on Wednesday night. Happy cooked and served an eight course dinner that was fit for a king. Glen Williams, Everett Bills, Ben Mabley, Bill Miller and three other young fellows who only had normal appetites.

**Local News**  
Found—Auto robe on Main St. Enquire at Chronicle office.  
**BOARD AND ROOM**—For school girls, \$20. per month. Mrs. M. Clay.

Doug Hall has been in the Belcher Hospital at Calgary for the past month, undergoing treatment for ulcers of the stomach. He also had his tonsils removed and his throat is still very sore and is causing him considerable trouble. Doug says it is very lonesome in there and would be glad to see any of his friends at any time.

### Glen Williams a Big Winner At Annual Turkey Shoot

The turkey shoot on Saturday was very successful and was attended by a large crowd. Dr. Stewart and a party of crack trapshooters came up from Calgary; others from Airdrie and Carstairs. Glen Williams proved to be the best shot of the day and he got no less than eight turkeys. Adam Cruickshank and Don McArthur, also got their share.

R. M. McCool conducted the shoot for the Baseball Club and he made a good job of it to. A profit of \$71.30 was made which will be applied on the note at the bank.

### Enjoyable Time Was Had at Beaver Dam

A very successful whist and dance was held in the Beaver Dam Hall on Wednesday night. Prizes for whist went to Mrs. F. Wilson and Mr. J. Weir; low prizes went to Mrs. Tidball and Mr. J. Cameron. Songs by Mr. A. Brown, Mr. A. Gibson and G. Shearer. Sword dance by Mr. H. McKenzie. Mr. D. Cameron played several selections on the pipes and along with the dance and lunch, made up a most enjoyable evening.

### Court Whist Popular

Justice Rebekah Lodge held a delightful court whist party in the lodge rooms on Monday night. Sixteen tables were in play. Prizes were won by Mrs. M. Fox, Mr. Adams, and booby prizes by Mrs. J. Reeves and Clint Thompson.

Mr. O. E. Jones held the lucky number and won a beautiful cushion.

At the conclusion of play a dainty lunch was served.

### IN CASE OF FIRE

Since the fire quite a little discussion has taken place as to how our chemical engines are worked, so we thought a little information would not be out of place.

The engines are kept ready for use at all times. The soda is ready in the engine so work the handle on the end of the cylinder to mix soda in water. See that valves leading to hose are closed. Put bottle of acid in container with cork end up and break it by giving lever on top of cylinder a sharp pull. Open valve on cylinder, to be used and close same before the opposite cylinder is discharged. A pressure of 150 lbs will generate in about three minutes.

### Cheap at That

Pleading guilty to charges of inflicting grievous bodily harm on Fred Doherslein, Lacombe blacksmith, who was the victim of a tar and feather incident last summer, Walter Butlin and Ralph Mowbray, Lacombe residents, were fined \$50 and costs.

Doherslein is well known in Crossfield, having worked for Jim Williams.

### DON'T WAIT

If you have no fire insurance on your buildings, now is the time to get it. See T. Tredaway.

One dozen personal greeting cards with your greeting, name and address printed on for \$1.50 at the Chronicle office.

### Elba School Christmas Entertainment

The Elba School Christmas Entertainment will be held at the East Community Hall on December 19, from 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. No admission. Big dance after. Music by The Moonlight Bonanzas 5-piece orchestra. Also exhibition dance. Ladies provide; gent's \$1.00. Lunch free.

### Coming Events

Items under this heading will be charged for at the rate of 10c a line for the first insertion and 5c a line for each subsequent insertion. Church affairs at half price; minimum 20c.

The Rodney School will hold their Christmas concert on Saturday, December 20th; commencing at 8.30 sharp.

Remember, to keep the night of December 22nd free so that you may be able to attend Crossfield's Christmas Tree and Concert.

The Oneil Christmas Concert will be held in the school house on Tuesday, Dec. 23 at 8.15.

### United Church Services

Was Adam the first man, a distinct and separate creation, a perfect man? or is there truth in evolution? Come and hear this discussed at the United Church on Sunday next.

Rodney at 11 a. m.  
Crossfield at 7.30 p. m.

### Change in Train Time at Crossfield

Winter schedule goes into effect on September 28th.

**Northbound—**  
No. 521, daily ..... 2.04 a.m.  
No. 523, daily (Ex. Sun.) 9.33 a.m.  
No. 525, daily ..... 3.40 a.m.  
**Southbound—**  
No. 522, daily ..... 5.42 a.m.  
No. 524, daily ..... 12.42 p.m.  
No. 526, daily (Ex. Sun) 6.35 p.m.

### MARCELLING

Finger Waving Shampooing  
Facials Hair Cutting  
Manicuring Massaging, etc.  
MRS. MARGARET CLAY  
First House West of Union Church

### J. B. HAGSTROM

Boot and Shoe Repairer  
Call and get a Real Shoes Shine  
Scissors Ground and Saws  
Sharpened.  
A satisfied customer is my best advertisement.  
Give me a Trial.  
North of Service Garage.

### Rosebud Pancake Flour

Easy to Make. Delicious to Eat.  
No indigestion when eaten.  
GET IT AT YOUR GROCERS  
Rosebud Flour Mills Co. Ltd.  
Didsbury


You can get your score cards for all popular card games at the Chronicle office. Also tally cards at reasonable prices.

### CHRISTMAS TREES

I have for sale a nice assortment of Christmas Trees and priced from 35c up.

Frank Demeres

You Must Tell 'Em to Sell 'Em



**IN THE RACE FOR BUSINESS**  
The gentleman on the tortoise represents the man who does not advertise—the one who tries to do business as it was done in the days of the yellow candle or the oil lamp.  
Are you in the glare of the electric light—in the automobile of Modern Methods?  
Our Watt Ads. are high voltage batteries, whether you want light or power—business publicity or competent help.  
Remember 60¢ to \$1.00 Weekly

The Buchan Construction Co. of Calgary will proceed immediately with the erection of buildings for the C. P. R. on the Crossfield-Cremona Branch.

Don't forget the Board of Trade Meeting on Monday night. Hon. J. F. Lymburn, Attorney General of Alberta will address the meeting.

**The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited**  
(Incorporated and Bonded with the Board of Grain Commissioners)

**Operating 375 Country Elevators also Coal and Flour sheds**

**Bankers**  
Royal Bank of Canada  
Canadian Bank of Commerce  
Bank of Toronto  
Bank of Montreal

**UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LIMITED**  
IN BUSINESS 25 YEARS

Paid-up Capital \$3,180,803.37  
Reserve and Surplus \$2,490,981.11  
Total Paid-up Capital, Reserve and Surplus \$5,671,784.48

Let this Company Handle Your Grain

**WINTER VACATIONS**

**Low Excursion FARES**

During DECEMBER

Old Country  
Eastern Canada  
Central States  
Pacific Coast

Call, phone or write:  
J. R. GILCHRIST,  
Agent  
Crossfield, Alberta

**Personal Greeting Cards**

Exclusive But Not Expensive

Our 1930 Samples are Here

It Will Cost You Nothing to See Them

**The Chronicle Office**